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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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New Hope For Your Skin

LINE CLEAR FOR BARDOLI RESOLUTION

Azad On Working Committee's United Stand

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Congress, followed by Sheth Jamnalal Bajaj, proceeding to the meeting of the Working Committee at Wardha.

GANDHIJI TO ADDRESS A. I. C. C. TO-DAY

Volunteer Brigades To Be Formed On Provincial Basis?

(THROUGH "A. P." & "U. P.")

WARDHA, January 14.

At the conclusion of to-day's session of the Working Committee, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, told the "United Press" representative:

"After my opening speech to-morrow, I propose to request Gandhiji to address the House. That will facilitate matters.

COMMITTEE'S UNITED STAND

"We are placing the Bardoli resolutions without change, before the A.I.C.C. for their approval. The Working Committee Members will support it and vote for it, in pursuance of the time-honoured convention of joint responsibility of the members, their individual views notwithstanding.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

"The Working Committee requested Gandhiji for an elucidation of the Constructive Programme, which should be taken up under the prevailing conditions in the country. Mahatmaji explained the 'pros' and 'cons' of the programme and the way to put it through. We hope to place instructions based on our discussions before the A.I.C.C. for their approval."

SPONSORS OF RESOLUTION

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari will sponsor the official resolutions at the A. I. C. C.

A condolence resolution on the death of Poet Tagore and certain members of the A. I. C. C. will be moved from the chair to-morrow.—

Earlier

WORKING COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

The Congress Working Committee held a brief sitting this morning and adjourned to meet again this afternoon when Mahatma Gandhi will be present. It is understood that at this morning's session the Committee discussed several routine matters connected with the working of Congress organisation and the advisability of Congress members continuing in local bodies etc.

On the question of A.R.P. it is learnt that the Committee is not likely to pass any resolution but that Mahatma Gandhi through the columns of the "Harijan" will advise Congressmen from time to time as to what they should do during emergencies. It is further learnt that there is no possibility of holding the annual session of the Congress in the near future.

The A. I. C. C. is scheduled to meet at 2-30 p. m. to-morrow when Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President is expected to make a statement.

Socialists Meet Mahatma

The Congress Socialist workers met Gandhiji last night and the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, this evening to discuss proposals regarding volunteer brigades.

The "United Press' learns that volunteer brigade will be formed on provincial basis. They will be confined to Congressmen with instructions to co-operate with other non-official agencies and strictly to avoid a clash with the official authorities. Bardoli instructions on the subject are being amended and greatly supplemented. After the provincial brigades have been formed, a central co-ordinating authority under the control of the Working Committee might be constituted

Rajen Babu And A.R.P.

It is learnt that the Working Committee has directed Babu Rajendra Prasad to chalk out further instructions to Congressmen with particular reference to the A. R. P. organisation.

Prakasam's Call For Non-violence

MADRAS, Jan. 14.

The view that the country could be saved only through adherence to the creed of non-violence is expressed by Mr. T. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement issued by him prior to his departure to Wardha to-day.

Mr. Prakasam says: The A. I. C. C. has been the Congress parliament of India. Each member is charged with serious responsibility at this critical juncture on the question of violence or non-violence. I have no doubt that every member of the A. I. C. C. would realise his or her responsibility in the matter of voting on this issue in the next session of the A. I. C. C. that commences at Wardha on the 15th instant.

The question is not one of following Gandhiji personally or Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar. Whether Mahatma Gandhi comes back to the Congress or not, the A. I. C. C. is called upon to decide what is the best course under the present conditions, when the enemy is knocking at our doors, to abandon the creed of non-violence or to continue it with greater determination. I have every hope that the A. I. C. C. would give a correct lead by sustaining the creed of non-violence in its next session".—A. P.

3 City Members To Attend A.-I. C. C. Session

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Three members of the All-India Congress Committee out of five representing Bombay will attend the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C. at Wardha. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji and Mr. Manilal Seth are the three members who will be present at Wardha. The remaining two, Mr. Yusuf Meherally and Mr. Patkar are in jail.

Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji and Mr. Manilal Seth left for Wardha by the Calcutta Mail this evening.

Satyamurti Not Going To Wardha

MADRAS, Jan. 14.

Mr. S. Satyamurti has cancelled his visit to Wardha and Benares, having been advised by his doctor to take complete rest and not to undertake a journey in the present state of health.

Congress Will Be Nation's Watch-Dog

We Can't Be Static In Midst Of Dynamic Forces, Says Maulana Azad

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 14.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, who still has slight fever, told the "United Press representative this morning:

"In this ever-changing world no political organisation should stick to a particular programme or dogma. It is not possible to be static in the midst of dynamic forces. We will not decide what to do next, because our decision may not fit in with to-morrow's events".

Maulana Azad added: "We will be ever watchful and vigilant and guide our country and people as conditions arising out of the war necessitate; we will serve our people as best as we can and the Congress Committee will be told what they should do".

No Congress Session This Year

WARDHA, Jan. 14.

The Congress Working Committee, it is understood considered the feasibility of holding the annual session of the Congress this year, but decided against holding the session in view of the present situation.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

BR. AMBASSADOR RETURNS

LISBON, Jan. 14.

The British Ambassador, Sir Ronald Campbell, has returned here after a brief visit to England.

BURMA TO LAUNCH OFFENSIVE

RANGOON, Jan. 14.

Burma is considering starting an offensive against the Japanese forces, affirmed a high military spokesman at a Press Conference in Rangoon this evening.

At the same time, he added, a Japanese offensive against Burma and Singapore simultaneously would not come as a surprise and all preparations were being made to meet it.—A. P.

AXIS SHIPPING LOSSES.

LONDON, Jan. 14.

A British Admiralty announcement says: Upto December 31, 1941, a total of 5,225,000 tons of German and Italian shipping had been sunk or damaged.

Mrs. Kamaladevi, Mr. Purshottamdas Trikamdas and other members of the Congress Socialist Party Executive which met at Wardha.

AUSTRALIA GIVES GO-BY TO DIPLOMACY THROUGH U. K.

Direct Negotiations With U. S.: But Allows Nationals To Enter Indian Army As Officers

MELBOURNE, Jan. 14.

Australia is now negotiating direct with the United States according to political circles.

This is a departure from the usual practice of communicating with Overseas countries only through the United Kingdom.

There are indications, it is stated, that the United States appreciates the strategic importance of Australia.

At the request of the British Government the Commonwealth War Cabinet has decided to discharge a limited number of members of the Australian Imperial Forces now serving overseas to enable them to take commissions in the Indian Army, announced the Prime Minister Mr. Curtin, to-day.

The War Cabinet has also decided not to permit the remains of any member of the Australian fighting services killed abroad to be brought to Australia. Apart from the difficulties of exhumation and shipping, the Cabinet felt that the War Graves Commission was working so satisfactorily that the transfer of remains to Australia was unnecessary.—

Premier Confers With Planning Committee

The Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin, conferred for several hours with the new administrative Planning Committee, which is working in co-operation with Australia's Allies in the Pacific zone.

Mr. Curtin stated that the consultations were so important that is was impossible to announce their nature even broadly, except that "close attention is being given to its decisions on the principle of which agreement was reached earlier this week".

FIRST HINT OF ALLIES' ASSISTANCE

The political correspondent of the "Melbourne Herald" interprets this as the first hint that the Allies are prepared to assist Australia at points most vital to Australia's immediate defence as well as in the Pacific battle zone as a whole. Far-reaching decisions on this subject will probably be announced next week the correspondents adds.

AUSTRALIA WANTS MINISTER ON BR. WAR CABINET

SYDNEY, Jan. 14.

The appointment of Liaison officers to advise Britain on Australia's attitude, advocated by Sir Earle Page, the Australian Government representative in London, was condemned to-day in a statement by Mr. P. C. Spender, former Commonwealth Army Minister.

Mr. Spender urged the pooling of Empire brains to deal with the serious increasing war problems. The Australian public, he said, were "fed up" with torrents of words. They wanted action. They were not afraid of the horrors of war, but were more concerned with "giving it" than "taking it". Australia was vitally interested not only in the Pacific zone but in the total operations of the war and should be represented by a Minister at all meetings of the British War Cabinet, at which war policy was discussed. She should not be denied this, he added, merely because the other Dominions did not desire it.

A Council of Action was essential in the Pacific area on which Australia should be directly represented.

Invasion Of Britain Not Ruled Out

Capt. Balfour's Plea To Look At War Picture In Its Whole Panorama

LONDON, Jan. 14.

Speaking on the war situation in London, Capt. Balfour, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Air, said that he would say nothing about the Far East except that "our squadrons there are not going to be left unsupported.

Saying that at the same time it was no good refusing to face facts Capt. Balfour added: "The short term position is that we may have to meet difficult and possibly dark days in the Far East but let us always try to look at the war picture not in sections but having regard to the whole panorama."

In parts of the war we had not done too badly but we could and must do very much better before we were through.

Capt. Balfour expressed the belief that before Hitler would give up the struggle he must attempt an invasion of Britain.—Reuter.

TOKIO-BERLIN MOVE FOR CONTACT

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Jan. 14.

The Turks have asked for more aircraft, tanks and instructor personnel. They expect a German drive through Turkey against both Caucasia and Suez, but believe that the enemy will first try to make "Crete" of Malta.

The reason for the Turkish belief is said to be their knowledge of a project now being worked out for Japan to supply Germany with tin and rubber. Such a plan would entail Japan and Germany making contact somewhere in the Middle East.

"It squares with the view," writes the diplomatic correspondent of the "Evening Standard", "that Japan intends to throw her main weight, not against Australia, but against India."

"Bardoli Decision Will Weaken Congress"

Socialist Plea For Unflinching Opposition To War

"CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY MUST BE CONVENED"

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 14.

To pledge Indian participation in the war as a price for obtaining political rights would be the greatest disservice to the Indian people, says the National Executive of the Congress Socialist Party in the course of a statement on the Bardoli resolution of the Working Committee.

Condemning British Government's "consistent refusal to agree to freedom for India even in the war crisis," the statement pleads for convening a Constituent Assembly to watch the interests of the people.

Following is the full text of the statement:—

In spite of the recent release of political prisoners, the National Executive of the Congress Socialist Party is meeting with attenuated ranks. Many of our leaders, including Jai Prakash Narain, Yusuf Meherally, Ahmeddin, Achut Patwardhan, Ram Manohar Lohia, Satyavati Devi, Mohanlal Gautam, and Damodar Swarup are not out of prison. Over two-thirds of the Congress Socialist Party members of the A.I.C.C. are still in jail. The Committee has given earnest consideration to the resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Congress at Bardoli. The different interpretations that have been offered of it and the general reaction to it in this country and outside make it necessary for the party to express its attitude.

DISSERVICE TO INDIAN PEOPLE

The most important and significant observation had been made by Mahatma Gandhi who has pointed out that "the Congress, now through the Working Committee, has made it clear that the door is not barred altogether on Congress participation in war. Mahatma Gandhi and a section of the Working Committee have dissociated themselves from this resolution because of their opposition to participation in war, mainly on the ground of non-violence. This Committee expresses its abhorrence of war and violence, but realising that wars are inevitable in a society based on exploitation, the party has been striving to the measure of its strength to remove the root causes of such rivalries and conflicts. But its opposition to war is based fundamentally on political grounds. The Congress Socialist Party has consistently held the view that India's participation in Britain's war would never take her to the goal of independence.

Even a free India may not necessarily plunge into the vortex of war, but to pledge Indian participation as a price for obtaining political rights would be the greatest disservice to the Indian people.

The development of war and the attitude of the British Government to Indian aspirations have abundantly vindicated the position of the party. The war has remained Imperialist. It is further highly unrealistic, and often dangerously misleading, to translate our undoubted sympathy into an offer of support to the countries that are victims of aggression when we have not succeeded in asserting our own full freedom.

Why Weaken Congress?

The Congress participation in war, if and when the Government (in words of Mahatma Gandhi) unlocks the door, will mean the breaking away of some of its influential sections, would weaken the Congress materially, and further endanger the Congress position that would be already jeopardised by the Congress involvement in war. It is therefore necessary for the Congress to remain rooted to the policy of unflinching opposition to war. It also needs to accommodate as in our opinion, the Bombay A.I.C.C. resolution did, both who oppose the war on political grounds and on grounds of non-violence. To separate these two stands which are inextricably woven in the fabric of the Congress as it has developed in the last 20 years, will irretrievably weaken the Congress in the grave situation we are now facing.

REPEATED HUMILIATIONS

The consistent refusal of the British Government to agree to freedom for India even in the war crisis, the many attempts to divide and disunite the Indian people and the repeated humiliations offered to Nationalist India, have finally extinguished all hopes of Government divesting itself of its power over India."

The time has now come, the statement adds, for the Indian people to depend upon their resources and organise their strength to preserve the integrity and independence of India.

The Committee appreciates the Working Committee's decision to organise volunteer brigades, but feels the need for a revision of its appeal and approach. It is necessary, it says, to mobilise the Indian people for the purpose of defending the country and declares that volunteers should be called upon to keep in intimate contact with the people and should be responsible for organising and directing the people in emergencies that are bound to arise to safeguard and secure India's freedom.

Convene Constituent Assembly

The statement concludes: "There is also a growing need for developing in the country a national authority competent to watch the interests of the people. The Committee is of the opinion that the time is now opportune to convene a Constituent Assembly. The election of such an assembly rising in tier over tier from village meetings of all adult citizens to an all-India National authority will create in the country both the atmosphere and sanction necessary for asserting India's right in changing the world."—A. P.

Ban On Asiatics Suspended

Australian War Cabinet's Decision To Allow Entry Of Refugees

MELBOURNE, Jan. 14.

The Australian War Cabinet has decided to suspend the Australian immigration ban on the entry of Asiatics to enable a number of women and children from certain eastern war zones to be brought to Australia as refugees, Mr. Curtin, the Australian Prime Minister has announced. Mr. Curtin added that this step should not be regarded as an infringement of Australian migration and industrial codes but as a necessary humane step to meet war conditions.—Reuter.

VICEROY BACK IN DELHI.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

H. E. the Viceroy and party returned to Delhi from their Sind tour.—A. P.

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1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced baker for a large Biscuit Factory. Apply to Post Box 53, Delhi. (7055)

Divisional Superintendents—Energetic, smart and capable men with business experience in Tea on a monthly salary of Rs. 200/- and allowance Rs. 50/- 10% commission and 2 1/2 %. Particulars Cleveland Tea Estates, Coimbatore. (15623)

Wanted Gujarati trained Matriculates and senior trained masters and mistresses. Apply in person to B. Martis on 17th morning at Palmlands, II Block, Mori Road Mahim. (15622)

Wanted experienced Salesman, or Salesgirl, knowing Typing to sell American Carbon Papers, Ribbons in Offices on Rs. 50 monthly plus Commission. See Chalasani & Co., Noble Chambers, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort. (15618)

Situations vacant for Educated persons for permanent and responsible posts on decent remuneration according to qualifications. Apply with reply postage to Central Supply Association Ltd., Delhi. (15595)

62. TO BE LET.

To let first floor of Bungalow No. 95, Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz, 7 rooms and kitchen. Terrace open to Juhu Sea View. Rent moderate. Apply Nowroji Daroga, Baj Building, Khetwadi Back Road. (15616)

174. BOOKS.

Books New and Secondhand Supplied. Also purchased. Shri Bharat Book Depot, Chandramahal Thakurdwar, Bombay (15626)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents for Malayalam High Count Nariels, Dhoties, Modern Designed Sarees etc. The Travancore Weaving Home, Kottar. (15627)

346. INVESTMENTS

Cotton and Shares etc. Astrologically 2nd Golden opportunity. Sure Excellent Profit as before in near future. Wild Fluctuations to make fortune. Consult at once Mr. Ranam, 107, Dadysheth Agiari Street, 2nd Floor, Bombay 2. (15603)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

A Straight Deal! Easy Terms! Prompt reply! Loans to approved parties on Personal Bond! Mortgages executed! Capital Investment Company, Bombay Mutual Building, 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Bombay. (15608)

Public Notices

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED

A SECRETARY for Viramgam Municipality on the scale of pay of Rs. 80-4-120 plus Rs. 3/- Cycle allowance per month. Persons holding the degree of "L.C.E." or B.E. (Civil) having the experience of Municipal works need apply stating age, caste previous experience and qualifications.

MAGANLAL J. SHUKLA,
President,
Viramgam Municipality
Municipal Office,
Viramgam, 1-1-1942.
(6948)

THE MYSORE SPINNING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF 58TH DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have determined to pay an Interim Dividend of Rs. 2/- per share of Rs. 50/- for the half year ended 31st August, 1941. The Dividend will be payable on and after FRIDAY, the 6th February, 1942, between 12 noon and 3 p. m. on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p. m. on Saturdays, to those shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members on Thursday, the 22nd January, 1942.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd January, 1942 to 5th February, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents.
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.
70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.
10th January, 1942.
(7062)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the disqualification, under Section 17(d) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended up-to-date, of Mr. Nagindas Tribhuvandas Master, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A., an elected Councillor from Ward No. 9 (Girgaum and Chaupati), a casual vacancy of a Councillor has occurred under Section 9 of the said Act. I, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22(3) and 25 of the said Act, hereby fix TUESDAY, the 3rd February, 1942, for a Ward election to fill up the aforesaid vacancy.

Nomination papers will be issued on working days during Office hours from TUESDAY, the 27th January, 1942, to MONDAY, the 2nd February, 1942 and on TUESDAY, the 3rd February, 1942 upto 4 P. M. (B.T.) at the Election Department, City Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort. In the event of the election being contested the poll will be held on TUESDAY, the 10th February, 1942.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 10th January, 1942.
(7073)

G. I. P. RLY. Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Local Rate Advice No. 1 (Goods & Coaching) of 1942 is being issued to-day.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations.
7075.

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted reliable and experienced firms dealing in wholesale or retail distribution of foreign refined sugar, to handle business of Indian sugar refined to British standard. Please communicate immediately with terms and full particulars to Box No. 15628. "Bombay Chronicle."

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Sale—Extensive salt works at Karachi. Lucrative investment. Interested capitalists to get details from R. H. Butani & Co., Dunolly Road, Karachi. (7051)

Public Notices

NOTICE

GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

THIS SOCIETY intends within about a month from date hereof to issue a fresh policy in lieu of one numbered 184138 dated the 30th October, 1905, on the life of Mr. Jamnadas Morarjee which has been reported as lost. Any one having any interest or claim thereto should immediately apply to:—

H. C. H. HIGHTON,
Manager,
Gresham Life Assurance Society, Ltd.
P. O. Box 444, Bombay
7074.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of HARDWARE, etc. comprising oil and watering cans, sprigs moulders, oil feeders, mortar pans, panel pins, drinking pots, etc., required during the period 16-5-1942 to 15-5-1943. Rate Contract. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 16th February, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
7063

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of COPPER STRIPS for pantographs, phosphor copper and copper rail bonds. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy and relative drawings at Rs. 3-4-0 per set which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 23-2-1942 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
7045

LOST, MISLAID OR DESTROYED

TWO SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 24058/59 in respect of two shares of the Model Mills Nagpur, Ltd., in the name of Mr. Wasudeo Prabhaker Vaidya have been LOST, MISLAND or DESTROYED All claims in respect of these two shares should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, Ilaco House, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued to the above-named owner.

D. J. REGISTRAR,
Secretary.
7005.

NOTICE.

WAR TECHNICIANS

CANDIDATES ARE URGENTLY REQUIRED for training as Fitters, Turners, Machinists, Moulders, Pattern makers, Millwrights, Carpenters, Welders, Boiler Attendants, Tin and Coppersmiths, Electricians, Draughtsmen and Wireless Operators under the Technical Training Scheme.

For details and application forms apply to the CHAIRMAN, National Service Labour Tribunal, Vitual House, Mint Road, Bombay.
7072.

FOR SALE.

FOWLER BUILDING,
Goa Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sale of remainder of Port Trust 50 year lease, (about 30 years to run) with further option of renewal.
Ground rent about Rs. 275/-.
Reinforced concrete building.
High Ground floor suitable for workshop or machinery godown.
First, Second and Third floors for Offices.
Possession about February 1st, 1942.
Offers invited; subject to auction, at present lessee's discretion.
Enquiries may be addressed to:—
Messrs. GREGSON BATLEY & KING,
Chartered Architects,
Chartered Bank Building,
Bombay.
January, 1942.
(7003)

Legal Notices

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE AT MUDDEBIHAL.

Civil Suit No. 82 of 1938.

Darkhast No. 558 of 1940.
Notice to show cause why execution should not issue O. 21r. 22
1. KISANLAL LAXAMANDAS MARWADI, of Talikot. ..... Plff. (D.H.)
Vs.
1. NEELKHANTH ANANDAPPA BASUTKAR, of Talikot, now residing in Bombay (Lalbag) Deft. (J.D.)
To,
NEELKHANTH ANANDAPPA BASUTKAR of Talikot, now residing in Bombay (Lalbag)

WHEREAS the plaintiff Kishanlal has made application to this Court for execution of decree in Suit No. 82 of 1938. This is to give you notice that you are to appear before this Court on 26th January, 1942 to show cause why execution should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal of this Court this 23rd day of December 1941.

B. R. JAINAPUR,
Clerk of the Court.
7001

Public Notices

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL LICENTIATES ARE REQUIRED for the Emergency Branch of the Indian Medical Department (Indian Cadre).

AGE-LIMIT: 35 years' age limit has now been raised to 50 years.

EMOLUMENTS: JEMADAR—Rs. 200 to Rs. 270 p.m. SUBEDAR—Rs. 285 to Rs. 300 p.m. Sub-charge pay when holding sub-charge of a military hospital from Rs. 15 to Rs. 40 p.m. Free accommodation and rations or compensation in lieu, free water and lighting. Free accommodation for families except during training period and also free water and lighting when the officer is on field service.

ANTEDATE OF COMMISSION. For professional Experience upto 5 years, for higher qualifications upto one year and for a D.T.M. upto six months. The period of antedate to count for increments of pay and seniority in the Service.

ADDITIONAL CONCESSIONS Preferential treatment in connection with recruitment to Civil Medical Departments after the war. In the case of Government servants, grant of lien in Civil, confirmation in a civil appointment on the occurrence of a suitable permanent vacancy, period spent on military duty to count in full towards pay, promotion and pension in the Civil Department.

DISABILITY AND FAMILY PENSION. An Assistant Surgeon who is pronounced permanently unfit for general service owing to a disability attributable to field service and assessed at 100 per cent, may, at the termination of his service on account of such disability, be granted a total pension of Rs. 60/- per mensem if he is a Jemadar and Rs. 85/- if he is a Subedar.

The heir of an Assistant Surgeon who is killed in action or dies of wounds received in action is eligible for the grant of a monthly pension of Rs. 50/- if the Assistant Surgeon was a Subedar and Rs. 25/- if Jemadar. In addition, the heir of a Subedar is eligible for the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 1,200/-.

Detailed particulars can be obtained from Provincial Administrave Medical Officers or the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi.
(7012)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SPECIAL NOTICE

CURTAILMENT OF PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICES

TO ENABLE more Engines and Staff to be released for dealing with the present heavy movement of War Traffic and to ensure that foodstuffs and agricultural products reach Bombay more expeditiously and in large quantities the Administration regrets that certain further Passenger Train Services will have to be CANCELLED as from 1st February, 1942. Details of the trains cancelled will be duly notified in the Press, and particulars of revised timings will be found in the new edition of the Two Anna Time Table for February-March, 1942, which will be on sale at stations and bookstalls on this Railway from 1st February 1942.
(7041)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit. No. 822 of 1940.
KANCHANLAL NANABHOY of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Santa Cruz in the Bombay Suburban District .... Plaintiff.
vs.
TRIKAMDAS J. DOSHI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Vile Parle .... Defendant.
To,
TRIKAMDAS J. DOSHI, Esqr., The Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 to recover a sum of Rs. 2,432/- with interest thereon at 3 per cent per annum from 10th May, 1937, till judgment being the amount due and payable by you in respect of the Promissory Note passed by you on 10th day of May, 1937, in favour of Sheth Mangaldas Kalidas and endorsed by him in favour of the plaintiff abovenamed on the 12th day of April, 1940. A copy of the said Promissory Note with the endoresement thereon is annexed as EX. 'A' to the plaint and you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the date of publication of this summons by way of service upon you, in default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 2,432/- and interest as aforesaid and for costs together with such interest, if any as the Court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiff will thereafter serve upon you a summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the Court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.
Sealed.
TAHIR ALI.

The 30th day of May 1940.
Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(7002)

NOTICE

THIS IS TO NOTIFY that Mr. F. D. MORAIS is no more in the employment of the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India. He is not now authorised to carry any transaction on behalf of the Society.
15629.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. KUNJVIHARI BALABHAU SAO, as Manager and Karta of the Joint Hindu family has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property, situate at Cavel Street, Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claim against the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, assessment, attachment or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

All that piece or parcel of Pension and tax land or ground (now redeemed) with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cavel Street, Kalbadevi Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 133 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 637, New No. 2935, Old Survey No. 214, New Survey No. 220, Cadastral Survey No. 1810 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 7 C Ward No. 3689 and Street Nos. 50-52 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property known as Chintamani House, on or towards the West by the property of Shamji Vandravan, on or towards the North by the property of Dhanji Nanji and on or towards the South by the 1st Cavel Cross Street and which premises are in the occupation of the Vendor and its tenants.

Dated this 13th day of January, 1942.

D. G. DESAI & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(7076)

Public Notices

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

With effect from SATURDAY, 17th January, 1942, there will be the following alterations in the Local Service owing to lighting restrictions.

1. The train leaving Church Gate at 12-40 A.M. for Andheri and the Up train leaving Borivli at 11-30 P.M for Church Gate will be cancelled.
2. The train leaving Church Gate at 12-10 A.M. will leave at 12-0 mid-night and run 10 minutes earlier throughout.
3. The train leaving Andheri at 11-8 P.M. for Church Gate will start from Borivli at 10-50 P.M.

7008

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

Petition No. 568 of 1941.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai Prembai, widow of Tha. Devram Kanji late of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant residing at Old Hanuman Lane outside the Fort of Bombay .. Deceased.

(1) DAMODARDAS NARANDAS, (2) CHATURBHUJ GOKALDAS, (3) NARANDAS DAHYABHAI, (4) NATHALAL PARSHOTTAM AND (5) NARANDAS LAKSHMICHAND, the first four of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitants respectively, residing at 82, Kapoorchand Monji's House, at Dadisheth Agiary Lane, Hukmichand Saroopchand House at Dadisheth Agiary Lane, Dahyabhai bungalow at Bazar Road, Bandra, and Madhavji Thakersey's Chawl at New Hanuman Gully, outside the Fort of Bombay and the 5th Petitioner also of Bombay Bania Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Nawroji Lane, Ghatkoper, outside Bombay. .. Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this eighth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty two and in the sixth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

G. G. MAHADEVIA,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.
K. K. DASTUR.

The 8th day of January, 1942.
Messrs. RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
7004

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE of 31 Bales Punjab Sujabad 4F Cotton (water damaged) on FRIDAY, the 16th January, 1942, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Wadia Charity Godown No. 30, Cotton Depot, Sewree, by order of the Insurance Company concerned.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and goods removed immediately after the close of the sale.

SALE AT POONA OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY 81, MAIN STREET, POONA, ON SUNDAY THE 18TH JANUARY, 1942 AT 4 P. M ON THE SITE

Under instructions from Messrs. AIBARA & CO., Attorneys for the Vendor and at the risk and on account of the executrices of the late Mr. Framji Erachshaw Anklesaria the purchaser:—

All that piece of land, lying in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli, District Poona, in Poona Cantonment and Registered in the Books of the Poona Cantonment Committee under No. 81 situate at Main Street, together with buildings standing thereon and bounded as follows:— On the East by Love Lane, on the West by Main Street, on the North by premises bearing No. 80 and on the South by premises bearing No. 82 and bearing approximately the measurements shown on the plan annexed to the Conveyance dated 2nd August, 1929, and available for inspection at the office of the undersigned.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Aibara & Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 30 BALES OF EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Company concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY THURSDAY, the 15th January, 1942, at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned at Messrs. Volkart Bros. godown No. J. 145 at Sewree Cotton Depot.

18 Bales Egyptian "Magrad" Cotton (damaged by sea water).

12 Bales Egyptian high grade "Guizch 7" (damaged by sea water).

Terms.—25 per cent deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CARS.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 19th January, 1942 at 2.30 P. M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the undermentioned Motor Cars, properties of the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd. and other Japanese firms vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property

1. "Buick" Limousine, 8 cyl., 31 H.P., 1936 Model No. B.M.W 5806.
1. "Ford" Touring Sedan, 8 cyl., 30 HP., 1935 Model, No. B M. W. 5804.
1. "Dodge" De Lux, 6 cyl., 25 H.P., 1940 Model, No. B.M.X. 2584.
1. "Ford" Tourer Sedan, 6 cyl., 22 H.P., 1939 Model, No. B.M.X 2260.
1. "Plymouth" Sedan, 6 cyl., 23 H.P., 1937 Model, No. B.M.W. 5017.
1. "Buick" Touring Sedan, 8 cyl., 30 H.P., 1939 Model, No. B.M.X. 614.
1. "Chevrolet" Master Sedan, 6 cyl., 29 H.P., 1941 Model No. Msc 7108.

On view on the day of sale from 11 A. M.

Also

Under instructions from the party concerned.

1. D.K.W. Cabriolet Car 7 H.P., 4 seater, 1936 Model, No. B.M.W 1893.

AUCTION SALE OF 108 BALES OF PUNJAB AMERICAN COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co., concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 20th January, 1942 at 2-15 P. M. (S.T.) the undermentioned lying on open jetha at Sewree close to Cotton Exchange.

108 Bales Punjab-American Cotton (damaged by sea water).

Terms:—25% deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 99 BALES OF N.T. COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 20th January, 1942 at 2-40 P. M. (S.T.) the undermentioned lying on open jetha close to Sewree Cotton Exchange.

99 Bales of N. T. Cotton (damaged by sea water).

Terms—25% deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

SALE OF 1596 BALES & LOOSE COTTON (BENGAL, KHANDESH & C. P. NO. 1) DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., by order of the Insurance Office concerned will receive up to 12-0 p.m. (S.T.) on SATURDAY, the 17th January, 1942, private offers for the whole lot at their rooms for the purchase of the above cotton salved from the fire that occurred to cotton of Messrs. Dwarkadas & Co.

A Deposit of 25 p.c. to be sent with the offer. The vendor do not bind to accept the highest or any offer. The balance of the purchase money must be paid and the goods to be removed within three days after the day of acceptance of the offer.

MENESSE & CO.

PICKING BANDS

Beltings Buffers etc., manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD. highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents. THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO. LTD., 9 Ash Lane Fort, Bombay, 'Phone 33609.

19th WEEK

MINERVA'S HISTORICAL JEWEL

SIKANDAR

Directed by:— SOHRAB MODI

Running to crowded Houses at

MINERVA

To-day Shows Nos. 423, 424 & 425

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METRO

DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

PLEASE NOTE: THE LAST PERFORMANCE WILL START AT 9-30 P.M. DAILY

LAST DAY!

TOMORROW!

with Lionel BARRYMORE
CARROLL · Red SKELTON · Virginia O'BRIEN

HIS DREAM OF LOVE WAS SHATTERED

WHEN HE CAME TO THE CITY!!!

ASHOK Pictures' Sweet Pastoral Romance!

CHANDAN

Starring:
KANTA, NAZIR, MAYA DEVI, ASHIQ HUSEIN, LALITA, W. KHAN, JAMSHEDJI

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
TO-MORROW MATINEE at 1-30 p.m.

It's A Triumph!

UNIQUE OF ITS KIND IN INDIAN FILMS!

NEW THEATRES'

BEST FILM OF 3 YEARS VIZ. 40, 41, 42

DOCTOR

Starring— PUNKAJ MULLICK BHARATI JYOTI PRAKASH AHIN CHOUDHURY

DRAWING CROWDS AT

New West End

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
TO-MORROW MATINEE at 1-30 p.m.

ACCLAIMED BY THE PRESS!

. . . It is not often that the common people see their own life Dramatised in Films. . . . The film is woven round characters from everyday life.

—says BLITZ

NATIONAL'S

Nai Roshni

Starring:
SARDAR AKHTAR & HARISH

8TH WEEK AT PATHE

Zanana Show: To-day: 12-30
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.

CAPITOL AT 4, 6-30 & 9.45 P.M.

(Phone 20422)
TO-DAY—LAST DAY!
WILLIAM MYRNA
POWELL LOY
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's HOWLING Comedy—
LOVE CRAZY
Also LATEST WAR NEWS

FROM TO-MORROW:
'MY LIFE WITH CAROLINE"
with RONALD COLMAN.

Now in its 2nd Week!

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

To-day Special Zenana Show At: 1-15 p.m. for Ladies!

SUNRISE Pictures' Smash Hit!

Gharki Laj

13 Thirteenth great week at IMPERIAL

Daily:—4, 7, & 10 P.M.
TO-MORROW
Matinee at 1-40 p.m.

MAJESTIC

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
4th MONTH
'ROYAL'-JEWEL No. 16.

'Swami"

(HER LORD)

It's the Music of Marriage with Love and without Lover.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Paush Vad 13, 1998
Musuim: Zilhaj 27, 1360
Parsi: Amardad 13, 1311.
Sunrise 7-17 a.m.; Sunset 6-20 p.m.
Hightide 10-18; Lowtiue 4-15.
Corporation Meeting: 3 p.m. (B.T.)
Standing Committee Meeting: 2 p.m. (B.T.)

INSTITUTE OF OCCULT SCIENCES: Mr. A. M. Gaitonde will give lecture on Astrology to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. in the hall of Suniti Girls' School, Parekh St., Sandhurst Rd.

SECOND PARSI YOUTH CONFERENCE: A meeting of the members of the Reception Committee of the Second Parsi Youth Conference will be held to-day (Thursday), at 6-15 p.m. at Yusuf Building (1st floor), opp. Flora Fountain, Churchgate St. Corner, when the election of the Chairman of the Reception Committee will be made and any other business with the permission of the Chair will be transacted. All those who have enrolled as the members of the Reception Committee are requested to attend the meeting.

A.R.P. KHAR DIVISION: Mr. A. Patterson Chief Warden, B. S. District, will deliver a lecture on "Lighting Restrictions" accompanied by demonstration at the C. K. P. Hall, Linking Rd., Khar, to-day (Thursday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

A. R. P. COMMITTEE, KALBADEVI: A series of six lectures on duties of Air Raid Wardens and Building Wardens will be held at the G. T. High School, Kalbadevi, Bombay, on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 5-45 to 6-45 p.m. and 4-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) respectively. The first lecture in the series will commence from Wednesday, 21st inst. Those wishing to attend the series may communicate with the Secretary, A.R.P. Committee, Kalbadevi, Hanuman Building, Tamba Kanta, Bombay.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 18 will meet near the junction of DeLisle Road and Gokhale Rd. on Saturday, the 17th inst. at 6-51 a.m. (B. T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

Govt. Observatory, Bombay

Meteorological Data for the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. on 14th January 1942 are as under:—

Maximum temperature 82.4 deg. (0.9 below normal).

Minimum temperature 68.8 deg. (2.0 above normal).

Kathakali Artistes For Bombay

The Hon. Secretary of the Bharata Kala-Dharma Sabha, Sir Vithaldas Chambers, Fort, Bombay, writes:—

"Lovers of Indian Dance Art in Bombay will be delighted to know that in the middle of February next, they will have a chance of seeing a series of performances of the Kathakali Art, in which it is admitted on all hands will be found a fine perfection of the Dance-Drama (Ballet in the most compelling form. A troupe of highly accomplished experts under the leadership of Mr. Mukunda Raja will be visiting Bombay under the patronage of the Bharata Kala-Dharma Sabha and the Bombay Kala Sangh.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Love Crazy". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
REGAL—"Great Guns". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
METRO—"The Big Store." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Target for Tonight". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Aloma of the South Seas" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Chandan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PAT[illegible]—"Nai Roshni". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROX[illegible]—"Jhoola". Daily at 3, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
M[illegible]—"Doctor". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
M[illegible]—"Sikandar." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KR[illegible]—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMP[illegible]—"Gharki Laj". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dhandora". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu." Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"On the River". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Nayachi Dasi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Tulsi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Hold That Ghost." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Darshan". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS, MATUNGA: A public study class on the subject of "Psychic Laws, Forces and Phenomena" will be held at 8-15 p.m. to-day at Putia House, Bhau Daji Rd., Matunga.

DADAR OPEN BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIP: Under the auspices of the Welfare Badminton Club, Dadar, the above will be started on 15th February next and the entries will be received upto 8 p.m. (S. T.) 7th February.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

At a meeting of the Parle-Andheri Municipal Board held on Monday night quite a furore was created. Mr. N. K. Alvares was in the chair. Nearly all the items disposed off by the Board created hot debates especially Mr. Ratubhai Desai's resolution in regard to the Municipal Secretary doing part-time work of another local body reached a very exciting climax.

Mr. Desai's resolution stated that the work of the Municipal Board had suffered, and the Secretary should be asked to resign his post from the Versova Beach Committee, for which he had been working for the last seven years.

The resolution reached an exciting stage when Mr. Moreshwar Patil said, it was surprising that Mr. Desai should have waited until he became a member of the minority party. He continued, during the three years that he was a member of the malority party, he had not cared to draw the attention of the Board to this matter.

Dr. R. P. Bhatt explained that the predecessors of the present Board had given the Secretary permission to work for the Versova Beach Committee seven years ago, and the then Collector had also given his approval.

Further Dr. Bhatt moved an amendment that the Board did not agree with the allegations made in Mr. Desai's resolution. But in view of the fact that Government had issued a resolution that the present Beach Committee should be converted into a Village Panchayat, consideration of the matter be dropped. The amendment stated further that the Secretary should not take up the work of the Panchayat so formed without taking the express permission of the Board.

Further controversy then followed as to the right to speak in Hindustani and there was a lot of hot discussion.

The President finally ruled that Dr. Bhatt's amendment was in order and on votes being taken, it was carried by 13 votes against 7.

LATE DR. R. K. DHURU

The "G" Ward Local Committee at its meeting held on Saturday, in the Municipal Lady Jamshetji Road Marathi Boy's School passed the followng resolution: This meeting records its deep sense of sorrow at the sudden death on January 9, of Dr. R. K. Dhuru, who was a member of the Committee for over 13 years and its Chairman on two occasions extending over four years and prays to God that his Soul be rest in peace and sends its hartfelt condolences to the members of his family in their sad bereavement.

A. R. P.

SMALL HUME PIPE SHELTERS

Single-Pipe Shelters of small sizes will be supplied for Emergency Use. Each Shelter will have one end closed and a door fitted to the other end.

PRICES:
48" dia. Shelter ..... Rs. 185/-.
42" dia. Shelter ..... Rs. 145/-.
Free Delivery at Mazagaon Depot or Wadala Factory.

Rs. 55/- Extra for Ventilating Shaft and Emergency Exit.
Rs. 144/- & Rs. 112/- Extra for Additional Hume Pipe.

It is requested to book Orders much in advance owing to the scarcity of material and transport facilities. It is advisable to keep the Shelter 3' to 6' underground. In addition, sand bags may be put on the ground for further precaution. Small Shelters will be useful for 4 to 6 persons for Emergency during the Air-raid period though they are not entirely safe from a direct Bomb-hit on the Shelter.

* * *

Hume pipe Shelters are put on Demonstration at the Commercial Museum, Sandhurst Bridge, every evening and at the open land adjoining Ritz Hotel, near Eros Cinema Theatre.

THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO. LTD.,
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They consume very little electricity and last for years.

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BEST Showrooms

ELECTRIC HOUSE, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telegrams: Tramways Bombay
Telephone: 35061.

On The Air

THURSDAY, JAN. 15.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Mushtari Begam. 5-15 Nasir Khan. 5-30 Shri Raga on Sarod. 5-40 Benazirbai. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Nabi Jan 6-30 Beyond the Pacific. 2. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Mohammad Rafi. 8 Mushtari Begam. 8-15 Book I have been reading. 8-30 Sohan Singh. 8-45 Pahari Folk-songs. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Mohammod Rafi. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Benazirbai. 10-15 Nabi Jan. 10-30 Nasir Khan.

Bombay 1—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Ebrahim. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Ninu Mazumdar. 8-40 Parmanandadas Bhajan. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Hirabai Barodekar. 9-40 Air Quartet. 9-50 Kumar Gandharv. 12-30 p.m. For all tastes. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Orchestras. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Lalita Mavlankar. 5-15 Avinash Vyas. 5-30 Saleh Mohammad. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Master Mohan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Air Chorus. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Saleh Mohammad. 6-45 Kumar Gandharv. 7 Mombasa. 7-15 Ninu Mazumdar. 7-30 Yellapurkar. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Gat Tora on Tabla. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Books and Authors. 8-45 March of time. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Maneck Bamboat. 10-15 Show-time.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Kumar Gandharv. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Saleh Mohammad. 9-5 Bhairavin on Dilruba. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Dhani on Jaltarang. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Hirabai Barodekar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Saleh Mohammad. 9-20 Kumar Gandharv. 9-35 Ninu Mazumdar. 9-45 Hirabai Barodekar. 10-15 to 10-45 As in Bombay 1.

A SHOCK For ASHOK!

Screen's Prince of Romance finds his throne occupied —almost!

WATCH HIM REACT IN

JHOOLA

BOMBAY TALKIES'
Song-and-Dance Romance
Daily: 3, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
SUNDAY: Matinee 11-45 A.M.

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THE MUSICAL MARVEL of 1914, THAT LENDS CHARM TO 1942!

DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S

'Khazanchi'

41st Week

KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m

Telephone 40106

NOVELTY

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m
MATINEE: To-morrow at 1 P.M.

4 Fourth WEEK of Cosmopolitan Crowds

'CIRCO' Picture
Directed by GUNJAL

Tulsi

Young Love to Climax
To Become GREAT & NOBLE
See "TULSI"

TULSI

'ART IN INDUSTRY EXHIBITION' 1942

'All arrangements in regard to the above exhibition remain unaltered.

Entries accepted up to 24th January at the Government School of Art, Calcutta'.

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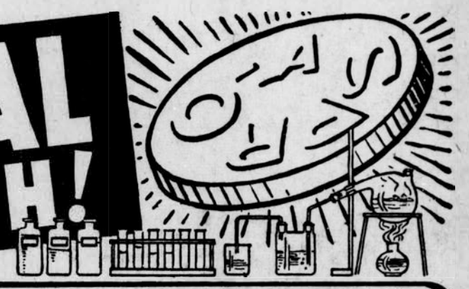

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Dear Sirs, —Thanks to the wonders of 'ASPRO' I am to-day a different woman. I was a terrible sufferer of neuralgia and sleeplessness, and all that I tried could afford me no relief. A neighbour offered me two 'ASPRO' tablets and the result was immediate relief after nights of constant pain. My next attack came and I sent for a box; since then I have never been without them.

Yours gratefully,
(Signed) M. DELMONT (Mrs.).

'ASPRO' WILL STOP A 'FLU OR COLD ATTACK IN ONE NIGHT!

INFLUENZA AND COLDS GO

It is with much pleasure I write to tell of the great benefits I derived from your tablets.
I was threatened with a bad influenza cold. After taking four of your tablets I felt great relief and the cold gradually left me and I am all right again.
I shall recommend 'ASPRO' to my friends.
(Signed) T. S. GLEN.

NEARLY MAD WITH PAIN

I feel it is my duty to give you a testimonial of your 'ASPRO,' which I shall always recommend. I was nearly mad for days with pain in my head from abscess. I only took one and got instant relief, since then I have had more. I would not be without them in my house for ever so much.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) W. SUTTON (Mrs.).

Telephone No. 22037 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Post Box 322 Registered No. B. 1668

The Bombay Chronicle

COMMUNAL PROBLEM

The communal question will in one form or other, come up before the Congress Working Committee, if not before the A.I.C.C. But it should not be light-heartedly disposed of as but one of the many questions to be considered. It is at present the foremost question on whose proper solution depends the solution of almost every other question. The A.I.C.C., it may be presumed, will endorse the Bardoli decision. We are glad to learn that all members of the Working Committee will support the resolution. If Britain agrees to enter into an honourable settlement with the Congress, well and good. But if not, what will the Congress do? Gandhiji is not likely to lead Satyagraha on behalf of the Congress in order to compel Britain to accept terms on the basis of participation in war effort. Nor is Congress likely to start Satyagraha immediately on its own account. Passive non-co-operation will not satisfy any section of the Congress and will only start fissiparous tendencies in it. The constructive programme is there, of course, but it will not effectively serve any political purpose in the immediate future unless its first item, communal unity, is attended to wholeheartedly and immediately. If unity is effected, Congress will not have to wait long for Britain to accept its terms. If not, Congress may have to wait much longer than it thinks. Here is the supreme importance of the communal question. Its solution has become progressively difficult during the last few years. To shelve it any longer is to make it more and more baffling till it may be well nigh insoluble in a normal way.

Mr. Gopal Reddi's Suggestion

So far, there is agreement among Congress leaders of any insight. Hence their efforts in various occasions to come to a settlement with the League. With a President like Maulana Abul Kalam Azad the Congress could not be negligent towards the problem. But the present situation is such that an extra-ordinary effort is necessary by the Working Committee as a whole, working in unison in ceaseless contact with the League and it is a duty Mr. Jinnah owes to Muslims as well as to his country to make this contact possible by abandoning his preliminary conditions, which have no bearing on the issues involved and which only make any negotiations with him difficult. What precisely is to be the basis of negotiations cannot be easily stated except that the question of Pakistan should be postponed till after the war as Mr. Jinnah himself is willing to do. Various formulae have been suggested by leaders of various parties. Many have suggested coalition Cabinets both at the Centre and in the Provinces, it being assumed that a Congress-League Pact will compel Government to accept a settlement with both these bodies. Among the latest to emphasize suggestion is Mr. B. Gopala Reddi an ex-Congress Minister in charge of Local-Self-Government in Madras. Speaking at a public meeting at Kumbakonam the other day, he said that the best solution for the present chaos was for Congress to open negotiations with the Muslim League, of course, opposing Pakistan and agree to give them a share in the Government. We must remember he said, that "the Muslims, formed a majority in four Provinces and that politically historically even geographically they were a minority entitled to a special claim unlike other minorities. The real need of the hour was unity. We must create confidence in the minorities." The suggestion should be seriously considered by Congress without any further delay.

Wanted Earnest Effort

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad has made a somewhat similar suggestion. "The immediate need", he says, "is that the various political parties and interests in the country should come together and arrive at a working arrangement whereby coalition governments within the framework of the present constitution, can be formed both at the centre and in the provinces during the period of the war." The idea of coalition Cabinets is, indeed, fast gathering support. Constitutional experts may well devise details of the plan to ensure perfect co-operation in the Cabinets and to avoid the evils of dyarchy or multiarchy. It seems the idea is not wholly new to the Congress. Dr. Zakir Hussain, Principal, Jamia Millia, Delhi, whose sympathies with the Congress are well-known, stated at Karachi the other day that in the U. P. elections had been jointly fought by the League and the Congress. Even names of prospective ministers were decided upon, he said, but the Congress was in an overwhelming majority. So the Congress High Command said that Coalition Ministries were not necessary, and the local leaders did not effectively explain to them the arrangements and promises that had been entered into before the elections and it is an open secret that these unfortunate happenings were the principal cause of the estrangement between the Congress and League. However, Dr. Zakir Hussain is more optimistic about a Congress-League settlement in the future. For though he claims for Muslims equal representation with Hindus at the Centre, he says: "In spite of all the wide gulf that apparently separates the League and the Congress to-day, within a few months you will hear that on this basis they have made up their differences and will work at the Centre, and run Coalition Ministries in the Provinces." We do not know the grounds for his confidence. But we feel that if both the Congress and the League make an earnest effort at a settlement helpful to both, at least a tentative settlement is possible on some basis or other.

Tables Turned

A British correspondent cabling recently from Moscow reports that the Luftwaffe lost superiority to the Russian Air Force because it had never expected winter operations and was unprepared in every way for them. This helped the Russian counter-offensive. The Russians realise this fact. They also know that the enemy is trying to reorganise the Luftwaffe. But they are doing everything possible to exploit this advantage and cripple the enemy both on land and in the air during this precious time. And they are succeeding so well as virtually to have turned the tables on the invader. He is undergoing the same experiences, strafing from the air, pincer movements, encirclements and hurried retreats which he used to inflict upon his enemies as his own specialities.

The present situation thus is that Herr Hitler's armies are falling back along the entire front and are actually threatened with disaster in not one but three regions. Their progress south of Lake Ilmen may cut off the Nazi attackers of Leningrad. In the Moscow region it is becoming increasingly difficult for Herr Hitler's large army based on Mojaisk to escape the slowly but steadily closing Russian jaw. And in the Crimea the Germans must be seriously considering ways and means of keeping open the Perekop bottle-neck. Little wonder that Berlin admits numerous changes in the German High Command, although it denies "a generals' crisis." But while the military position, as M. Lozovsky quite rightly claims, is favourable to the Soviet Union, German military strength is yet very far, indeed, from being decisively crippled. It is true that the Nazis are for the first time facing a serious situation both at home and on the battle-field. But the possibility, though not the probability, of a Nazi recovery even on the Eastern Front cannot be ruled out. Meanwhile Herr Hitler badly needs something dramatic and may soon attempt to stage it at, say, Malta.

Retribution Not Revenge

Revenge is an ugly word. It is never more so than in international affairs. It will be only human, however, for the numerous victims of Nazism to nurse that feeling in their hearts. The cold-blood burtalities that Hitler's gang have committed in Warsaw, Rotterdam, Belgrade and elsewhere cannot be forgotten—nor ought they be allowed to be forgotten. The criminals, who perpetrated such inhumanities, must be brought to book, if only to avoid similar recurrence in the future. It is timely and just, therefore, that the Allied Nations should enter into a solemn covenant to inflict condign punishment on the authors of war atrocities. Two warnings are, however, needed in this connection. First that what ever action has to be taken must be taken in a spirit of retribution rather than revenge. It will necessary for this purpose to set up an international tribunal. Secondly, a sharp distinction must be drawn between the Nazis and the German people as a whole, who in a sense are as much victims of the former as the other European people. A whole nation cannot be condemned as guilty for the wrongs of a few.

Frankly Speaking

Rommel At Bay?

Solum, too, is now in British hands. This is good news. For the Halfaya area is now cut off from the sea and the Axis garrison is completely beleaguered with no hopes of receiving help or vital supplies from outside. It is to be hoped that the British do not take long in reducing Halfaya even at some sacrifice because it is urgently necessary that the main line of communications should be cleared up for the Eighth Army operating in Cyrenaica. It is equally good news that contact has been re-established with General Rommel's forces. As the latest communique says, "the advanced elements reached the road from El Agheila to Marada along which general line the enemy appears to be preparing to make a stand." Let us hope General Rommel has been finally brought to bay and does not slip away. A decisive victory in Cyrenaica now will be of immense value.

An American Success

The Americans have scored what they call "an important success" in the Philippines. Their artillery has definitely proved its superiority over the enemy who had to withdraw well beyond his forward positions with considerable loss to himself. But we are afraid such successes are not going to change the course of the fight beyond delaying the advance of the Japanese. Even that is welcome in the circumstances and may prove useful eventually. From the Netherlands East Indies and Malaya the news continues to be depressing. The scorched earth policy is, however, being enforced ruthlessly and let us hope it contributes effectively in the operations to check Japan and finally defeat her.

Is This Justice?

So Mr. Yusuf Meherally's freedom has been even more short-lived than one expected. Within a few weeks of his release from one jail he finds himself in another. He is now given virtually nine months' rigorous imprisonment as he is sure to prefer three months imprisonment to paying a fine. And all this because, it appears, he could not immediately leave Lahore in accordance with the notice served on him by the Punjab Government directing him to leave the province by the first available train. It was a frivolous order, justifiable only against goondas and such other classes of persons. Mr. Meherally would probably be justified in defying the order deliberately for any length of time. But it appears he had no intention to defy it except for a few hours as he could not conveniently leave the Province at once. Decency required that he should have been given some time to arrange for an unexpected return. In any case the sentence is as needlessly severe as was the order served on him. The Punjab Government seem to have declared war on all anti-war politicians. But soon enough they will find that such methods create unexpected trouble. If they are wise, they will release Mr. Meherally at once.

Intolerable

It sounds incredible but it is reported by Reuter that at the request of the British Government the Commonwealth War Cabinet has decided to discharge a limited number of members of the Australian Imperial Forces now serving overseas to enable them to take commissions in the Indian Army. This is a calculated insult to India, which is possible only because the Government of India are constitutionally irresponsible. Any number of Indians can be found in the Army fit to take commissions and many more can be trained fast enough if the authorities are earnest enough. That Australians should have superseded them is an insufferable encroachment on India's rights and an assault on her self-respect. Such things must stop.

Cotton Market Deadlock

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with interest Mr. Jagjivan Ujamsi's article in your to-day's issue and fully agree with the views which he expresses.

There is one point I am in disagreement with your correspondent.

He writes that the shortage in delivery will be to the tune of 20,000 bales on which the sellers will have to pay a penalty of Rs. 25/- per candy.

I do not think that there is the slightest necessity for sellers to default and thereby suffer this penalty. There is a general market in which the Oomra Contract is traded in daily and all they have to do is to buy back their sales. Admittedly they will pay a high price for their purchases, and in so doing will fail to make the profit originally contemplated, or they may suffer a loss But that is a hazard which every business man assumes before he embarks on any commercial transaction.

—Yours, etc.,

COTTON MERCHANT.

Jan. 14.

GEN. WAVELL ARRIVES IN DUTCH EAST INDIES

Vigorous Counter-Offensive Against Japanese Forces

LONDON, January 14.

The only information regarding the Far East available in London to-day was that the British withdrawal in Malaya continues.

Gen. Wavell has arrived in the Dutch East Indies with his second in command and staff, says the Batavia radio.

BATAVIA:—To-day's N.E.I. 'communique' states that Dutch Bombers attacked fourteen Japanese transports south of the island of Tarakan. Hits were scored.

The transports were escorted by six large cruisers and six torpedo boats.

BATAVIA WELCOMES WAVELL

The warmth of the Netherlands East Indies welcome to Gen. Wavell is evidenced by the greeting in one evening paper printed beneath Gen. Wavell's photograph "Welcome General Wavell".

"The N.E.I. greet you as an old friend because they know you, if only from the newspapers. The N.E.I. do not regard you as possessing magic powers of turning the battle in our favour. They regard you as an ordinary man, but as one who is a brilliant strategist and inspired leader. That is why you have our complete confidence. Although we spare no one with our criticism and certainly not our friends, the time for fault-finding is now passed and we stand behind you to a man. You have shown your confidence in us by establishing your headquarters here. The N.E.I. will not prove themselves worthy of this confidence and we now make this solemn promise—victory shall commence from the N.E.I."

COUNTER-OFFENSIVE AGAINST JAPANESE

A vigorous counter-offensive has been launched against the Japanese by the Netherlands East Indies forces it was announced today a few hours after the news was released that Gen. Sir Archibald Wavell, Chief of the Allied High Command in the South-west Pacific, had arrived in the Netherlands Indies to set up his new headquarters.

Dutch troops went into action on the Sarawak border, while Dutch aircraft to-day bombed enemy-occupied Tarakan and an enemy base in South Philippines.

Batavia radio states that Gen. Wavell is accompanied by his second in command and staff.

EIGHTEEN JAPS KILLED IN FRONTIER CLASH

According to information reaching Dutch quarters in London eighteen Japanese were killed in frontier clashes between Netherlands East Indian and Japanese forces between West Borneo and Sarawak. N.E.I. airmen scored a direct hit on a Japanese ship near Tarakan. The Japanese made an unsuccessful air attack on Balik Papan.

Destruction Complete

Destruction in Tarakan was completed according to prearranged plans before hostilities there ceased on Monday morning. Air fields, workshops and oil installations were completely destroyed. The Dutch Naval Air Arm did not suffer any losses.

There are no details of the action at Minahassa.

Japanese Raids

Oeben Tandjong was bombed by the Japanese with only slight damage. The Japanese unsuccessfully attacked a Netherlands ship.

The Dutch Naval Air Force attacked a Japanese naval base in the Southern Philippines. A direct hit was registered on Japanese barracks.

SURRENDER OF TARAKAN CRITICISED

The only Batavian newspapers commenting on the surrender of Tarakan on Tuesday evening was the "Batavia Niewsblad" which wrote: "We must face the fall of Tarakan and not allow ourselves to be discouraged. The Japanese attacked at the right moment as the unified command had not yet become effective, and even if our Allies did what they could, large-scale reinforcements have not yet arrived. In these circumstances the main task of the garrison was to hold off the attackers long enough to carry out our plans for destruction.

Hindu-Muslim United Front

MR. GOPALA REDDI SUGGESTS SETTLEMENT WITH LEAGUE

Speaking under the auspices of the Kumbakonam Parliament, Mr B Gopala Reddi said that he was for the formation of Coalition Governments both at the Centre and in the Provinces, in collaboration with the Muslim League. There was a large gathering present at the meeting.

Mr. Gopala Reddi said that the best way to appreciate the Hindu-Muslim problem was to put ourselves in the other's position and see things as he (the other man) would see them.

A Hindu-Muslim united front was the urgent need of the hour. While admitting that Pakistan was absurd and impossible, he pleaded for a rapprochement with the Muslim League. It was no use getting over the fact that 90 millions of Muslims were suspicious and had a sort of uneasiness. We had to do our best to allay their apprehensions. It might be that their fears were ground less. But if so many of them feel one way, it was our duty to allay them. Unless we took the Muslims with us, Swaraj would mean nothing to us

CAUSES OF MUSLIMS' FEARS

Speaking of the causes for the Muslim apprehensions Mr. Gopala Reddi said that they had been given separate electorates with our consent. When the Government of India Act was actually worked in the Provinces they found that even though they commanded the entire confidence of the Muslim masses they were unable to get even a single seat in the inner councils of the Government.

Mr. Gopala Reddi analysed the result of the last General Elections in the various Provinces and remarked that the Congress was not successful in capturing Muslim seats. One reason why the Congress failed was the existence of separate electorates. If separate electorates were abolished all the 29 Muslim sats in Madras could be captured by the Congress. The fight for freedom was after all a fight for power in the hands of popular representatives. The Muslims to-day were fighting for a share in that power. The Muslim leader felt aggrieved when he was denied a share in the administration in spite of the fact that he commanded the confidence of the Muslim masses.

THE ERROR

Mr. Gopala Reddi also traced the position of the parties in the various Provinces when Ministries were formed under the new Constitution. In Madras, Bombay the United Provinces etc., the Congress took into their Cabinets Mr. Gopala Reddi asserted Muslims who did not enjoy the full confidence of the Muslims in the Legislature.

Describing the position in Bengal at that time Mr. Reddi said that Mr. Huq who was the leader of the largest single party was forced to go to the Muslim League because the Congress was against a coalition. Mr Huq took four Hindus who had no backing in the House into his Cabinet and made them sign up any thing he wanted with the result that the Hindus suffered ultimately. Congress talked of principles and exposed the Bengal Hindus to the rigours of Muslim rule.

In Assam and North West Frontier Province the Congress allowed the formation of coalition Ministries though it did not choose to call them so.

NO CONSISTENCY

The fact was he said the Congress did not follow a consistent policy. He held that the Congress ought to have allowed coalition. We denied the Muslims power in eight provinces and even in Sind we had no objection to Allah Baksh carrying on war propaganda and effort if only he was under Congress influence.

The speaker said that he stood for coalition cabinets for the reason that we had a coalition parliament. When we had accepted separate electorates and had come forward to work the Government of India Act wherein it formed a part we must logically follow it up and allow the Muslims a share in power Mr. Rajagopalachari had voted for coalition at the Centre. If there could be coalition at the centre where coalition policies were registered what objection could there be for coalition in the Provinces where road making sanitation health, etc., etc. are attended to? Coalition at the Centre was inevitable because no party could get a substantial majority there.

NEGOTIATE WITH THE LEAGUE

Concluding Mr. Gopala Reddi said that the best solution for the present chaos was for Congress to open negotiations with the Muslim League of course opposing Pakistan and agree to give them a share in the Government. We must remember that the Muslims formed a majority in four Provinces and that politically historically even geographically they were a minority entitled to a special claim unlike other minorities. The real need for the hour was unity. We must create confidence in the minorities.—"Hindu".

PLEA FOR COALITION CABINETS

The following is the "Madras Mail" report of M. G. Reddi's speech:

Many Muslim leaders who were once ardent Congressmen had joined the League. He was not blaming the Congress but he asked whether it was not their duty to understand the viewpoint of Muslims.

Muslims decried democracy because they did not share power with the majority community. The Congress told them that patriotic Muslims like the late Mr. Yakub Hasan were in Government representing Muslim opinion but that did not cut ice with them.

They would do well to understand the feelings of Muslims for instance in Madras where they had absolutely no chance of becoming a majority. They felt rightly or wrongly that they had been denied a share in the Madras Cabinet.

If in the next elections all Muslim seats were captured by the League could the Premier say that as there was no Muslim in his party he could not find a seat for Muslims in the Cabinet?

So Muslims said that they did not want this kind of democracy which denied the minority the right to defeat Government and form a Government of its own.

LOGICAL SEQUEL

Mr. Gopala Reddi pleaded for coalition cabinets and said he believed in that because they had coaltion parliaments. He emphasised the need to take Muslims into their confidence.

As a logical sequel to separate electorates they must have men in the Cabinets who enjoyed the confidence of the Muslim population as a whole.

In times of crisis there was no party Government in Britain; there was only a national Government. Since India was in a state of perpetual crisis the Congress should whole-heartedly go in for a coalition Ministry.

In Philippines

ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

Tuesday's United States Army Communique reads:

"THE PHILIPPINES THEATRE: The enemy yesterday made two determined attacks, which were in the nature of reconnaissance in force. These attacks were well supported by artillery and aircraft. Both were repulsed by our troops, with the Japanese suffering heavy losses. American and Philippine casualties were comparatively small."

Hostile air operations were confined to support of ground troops and no attacks were made on our fortifications.

NEW JAP. AIR BASES

Reports received from Mindanao and Jolo indicate that the Japanese are establishing advance bases on these islands, from which to support attacks on Malaya and the Netherlands Indies.

TWO JAP. FIGHTERS

Three American bombing planes, co-operating with the forces of the Netherlands Indies, attacked a Japanese naval force engaged in landing operations in the Tarakan area and Borneo. Unfavourable weather conditions made it difficult to determine the results of the attack. However it is known that two enemy fighters were destroyed. Our planes returned to their base undamaged.

Nothing to report from other areas."—Reuter.

Restriction On Rubber Exports From U. K.

NEW DELHI, Jan 14.

A Press Note says:

His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom have informed the Government of India that with effect from January 6, 1942, export licences will be necessary for the export from the United Kingdom of all rubber manufactures containing 50 per cent or more by weight of rubber and that export licences will not be granted without import assistance recommendations from the Government of India.

The only exceptions are tyres and rubber-belting and other rubber parts of essential machinery, which are required with a machine, which is already covered by an import assistance recommendation or for replacement purposes. Import assistance recommendations can only be issued if it is proved that the rubber manufactures are required for purposes essential to the war effort, and will be issued by the Director-General of Supply, New Delhi.

The new procedure applies to the orders already placed in the United Kingdom as well as to fresh orders, and the Director-General of Supply has prescribed forms, which can be obtained from him and the Controller of Supplies on which application for recommendations should be made. —A.P.

Hospital Treatment For Rangoon Wounded

MIDNAPUR, Jan. 14.

A special train temporarily fitted with hospital equipment arrived from Calcutta carrying twenty-five persons who have suffered injuries during air raids on Rangoon. Arrangements have been made in the local Sadar Hospital for their accommodation and treatment.—United Press.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, Jan. 13.

A message received in London from Melbourne states that the Commonwealth Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin, denies a London report that Mr. Duff Cooper's recall was the result of Australian representations.

"Mr. Duff Cooper's visit to Australia was very much appreciated and we concurred in the views he expressed," said Mr. Curtin.

—Reuter.

* * *

A Ceylon Information Department announces: "Our local forces have been reinforced by soldiers from India."

India is always willing to help Ceylon.

* * *

According to Mr. Anthony Eden, Germany's "so-called 'new order' in Europe is a sham."

Agreeing entirely with this view, our irrepressible junior colleague proceeded to wonder whether Britain's new oder in Asia is a door slam.

We let him.

* * *

The Ahmedabad Municipality, it is reported, has resolved to acquire 23 acres of land at a cost of Rs. 1,72,956 for housing for the poor.

What a criminal waste of good money! And in wartime too.

* * *

"The creed of the Muslim League", Sir Chimanlal Setalvad points out, "is also Independence."

It is . . . . Independence from India

* * *

The Kolhapur State is going to have its first Muslim Conference next week.

It is, however, not yet known whether the conference will be a Pakistan in the State.

* * *

CHURCHILL MUST MEET INDIA

—Headline.

How can he possibly accomplish that?

* * *

"We have", says Britain's Ankara Ambassador, Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, "assured Iran and Turkey that we (Britain and Russia) shall respect the independence and integrity of Iran."

Did he also define "Independence" and "integrity" of Iran?

* * *

According to President Roosevelt, military men from all the United Nations would be going to Washington for talks.

The question, on the other hand, is: When would these military men go out of Washington for acts?

* * *

Reuter's Political Correspondent understands that the return to Britain of Sir Stafford Cripps is likely.

But would it be safe for the Front Benches on either side to loose the famous stormy petrel on Parliament?

* * *

"Our columns yesterday made considerable progress towards El Ageila."

—Cairo communique.

Let's hope General Rommel, too, did not make considerable progress beyond El Ageila on the way to Tripoli.

* * *

According to a Swedish press report, "the Germans declare that large important military actions are now being prepared."

For instance, large important withdrawals from the Valdai region, Mojaisk and the Crimea?

* * *

"What was the most you ever weighed?" the doctor asked his patient.

"One hundred and fifty-four pounds," was the reply.

"And what was the least you ever weighed?" the doctor asked.

The patient thought hard for a moment, then: "Seven and a quarter pounds."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Of course you earn an enormous salary, but do you get it?

* * *

Some strenuous hunters make a specialty of hunting easy jobs.

* * *

Do so well to-day that you need have no fear of being done to-morrow.

* * *

Too many people neglect their plain duties for something more attractive.

* * *

The father of one baby is usually twice as happy as the father of twins.

* * *

It is easier to acquire a good reputation than it is to keep the freckles off it later.

Farewell To Youth

"When we bid adieu to youth,
Slaves to the specious world's control,
We sigh a long farewell to truth
That world corrupts the noblest soul"

BYRON.
TO A YOUTHFUL FRIEND

AIR ATTACKS ON RANGOON

AERODROME BOMBED: A NUMBER OF SOUTHERN TOWNS GIVEN WARNINGS

RANGOON, Jan. 14.

Rangoon had an air-raid warning early this morning. No official details of enemy operations are yet available but it appeared that a larger number than usual of Japanese aircraft were engaged in the attack. Anti-aircraft fire was also more intense. Bombs appeared to have fallen northwards of the city.

BOMBS ON AIRFIELD

Japanese air-raids on an aerodrome north of Rangoon have now been sustained for several days but the results scarcely justified the efforts of the enemy since military damage to the airfield was negligible. A few bombs hit the runaways but repairs were effected within a few hours.

AERODROME NEAR RANGOON BOMBED

According to the Rangoon Radio a 'communique' issued to-day, by the Department of the Civil Defence Commissioner refers to enemy air activity upto 9 o'clock this morning.

Moulmein and Tavoy were given air-raid warnings yesterday morning, but no incidents have so far been reported. A small number of enemy aircraft were seen in various areas of South Burma.

FOUR SALVOES OF BOMBS

Early this morning a number of towns were given warnings, enemy aircraft were observed and dropped four salvoes of bombs, two salvoes were aimed at an aerodrome in north Rangoon, one has not been located and one dropped near a village and is believed to have killed one small child and seriously injured two others.

The 'communique' also states that the morale of the population in South Burmese towns is remarkably high.

OFFICIAL 'COMMUNIQUE'

According to Rangoon radio a combined Army Headquarters and R.A.F. 'communique' issued tonight reports that at 5-15 a.m. today an aerodrome north of Rangoon was bombed. There was no damage to R.A.F. property or personnel.

During the day our aircraft carried out reconnaissance over enemy territory. One enemy plane was destroyed in the Neshod area by our aircraft.

Tavoy was bombed this afternoon by four enemy planes. There were no casualties and no damage to R.A.F. property.

MORE AIR-PERSONNEL ARRIVE

It is officially announced tonight in Rangoon that further anti-aircraft reinforcements arrived in this country and that more are on the way. Ground crews for aircraft have also arrived.

WANTON ATTACK ON BUS WITH WOMEN

The wanton cruelty of indiscriminate Japanese bombing attacks in Burma is illustrated by reports coming from the districts. In the short raid over Tavoy on January 9, a Japanese plane attacked a passenger bus at low level and dropped three bombs separately, returning to the attack on each occasion. The passengers, who were mainly women, took cover in a ditch by the side of the road and only two sustained minor injuries. The village of Wagon was machine-gunned from low level. In both the cases there was no pretext of any military objective for the attacks.

BR. BOMB JAP-OCCUPIED PARTS OF THAILAND

According to Singapore radio British aircraft in Burma continued their bombing of the Japanese occupied parts of Thailand, according to an Agency message. All our planes returned safely.—A.P.

RANGOON AIR RAID VICTIMS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

The Government of India are now receiving information about some of the Indians injured in air raids in Rangoon and where details are available, relatives and next of kin are being informed individually.

No bombs were dropped in Rangoon itself on January 11th, 12th and 13th. On January 13th, there was some activity of the outlying areas.

The Government of India agent in Burma and three representative Indians have been elected on the Executive Committee of the Governor's Air Raid Relief Fund. More Indians are being added to the General Committee. The Agent's Own Relief Committee is also meeting every Tuesday and Friday to devise measures for the relief of distressed Indians.

The Agent on Monday last visited all the relief camps set up for refugees. The number of Indians in these camps is small in proportion to those scattered about who receive free food at Government centres. Others camping on the outskirts of the city also receive free food, but a great majority of them are now at work again and have no difficulty in getting their own food in the city.

The Government of India Agent is attending a conference called by the Burma Government for reorganisation of labour.—A.P.

Air Raids On Singapore

SINGAPORE, Jan. 14.

A "Communique" issued on Wednesday states:

"The enemy air force which raided Singapore yesterday consisted of approximately 50 heavy bombers escorted by 20 naval fighters. The formation, which approached at a high altitude, was intercepted by our fighters, which destroyed one enemy aircraft, three more were probably destroyed and several others damaged.

Reports now received show that the damage was small and casualties in killed and wounded about 55.

There was an alert in Singapore this morning. So far no reports of bombs being dropped have been received".

R. E.s' Magnificent Work

High on the list of unknown heroes of the war in Malaya must be placed field companies of Royal Engineers, whose operations immediately in the rear of the armies impede and hamper the Japanese advance. They have done magnificent work during these weeks of valiant rearguard fighting. One of the most important of their tasks is the destruction of road and rail bridges in the path of the enemy and among their demolitions have been such engineering show pieces as the Iskander bridge over the Perak river at Kuala Kangsar and Great Guillemard bridge, which carries the East-coast Railway over Kelantan river.

The Iskandar Bridge had been blown up hurriedly to check the Japanese when they succeeded in making local penetrations through the British front when it was established in the Grik area in north-east Perak. Sappers did their work thoroughly blowing a 120-feet gap, which succeeded in holding up the advance for some days in this area.

Indian Sappers Do It

One party of Indian Sappers blew up another important bridge in this area, despite wave after wave of Japanese dive-bombers raining bombs and bullets incessantly for over nine hours. The Sappers successfully rejoined the main body of their units after the completion of their mission with negligible casualties.

This and other similar incidents have given the Sappers a poor opinion of Japanese dive-bombing.

On the eastern side of the Peninsula one of the most spectacular demolitions carried out by Sappers was the blowing up tunnels on the railway in Ulu Kelantan, where they passed through a mountainous jungle wilderness on the three-fold border of the states of Kelantan, Perak and Pahang.

COMMENDABLE BUT MISPLACED!

Strangely the Field Companies have been handicapped by the precautions taken by the Public Works Department in Malaya to guard against interruptions of communications through damage to bridges. The Public Works with commendable—but as it has turned out misplaced—foresight placed huge baulks of timber close to each important bridge to facilitate rapid improvisation in the event of enemy action damaging the bridge. Unhappily they have proved of great value to the Japanese in overcoming the obstacles placed in their way by the Royal Engineers and may be one of the reasons why the enemy despite systematic demolitions, were still able to bring tanks into action in Central Malaya.

PATIENT COMMITS SUICIDE

BOMBAY, Jan. 14.

Fazal Mahomed Mirabux, who had no next of kin in Bombay, and who had been suffering badly from Asthama for the last six years, put an end to his misery by opium poison.

The Chemical Analyser detected the presence of opium and the jury gave a vrdict of death due to opium poisoning self administered.

TOKYO

—At A Quarter To Zero Hour!

REVEALING LIGHT ON JAPAN'S CAPITAL ON EVE OF WAR

in

the next Sunday Edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY, JAN. 18.

BR. PRESSURE ON AXIS REAR CONTINUES

R. A. F. Bomb Tripoli And Aerodrome In Sicily Raid On Malta

CAIRO, Jan. 14.

A Middle East 'communique' states:

"In spite of increased air action, which developed yesterday against our mobile columns, further satisfactory progress was made and increasing pressure was brought to bear upon the enemy rearguards disposed to cover the main body, which is now in and south of the Agheila area.

In their successful attack against strongly defended Sollum locality our troops sustained just over a hundred casualties. Throughout yesterday units of the Royal Artillery in co-operation with the Royal Navy and our Air Forces carried out intensive bombardment of the enemy's positions in and about Halfaya."

R.A.F. ATTACK ON TRIPOLI

An R.A.F. Middle East 'communique' states:

"Despite heavy rain and severe electric storms R.A.F. bombers raided objectives at Tripoli and El-Agheila on Monday night. At Tripoli bombs were dropped on the main quay and along the southern edge of the harbour but detailed results were not observable. At El-Agheila bombs burst among vehicles and buildings to the north of the aerodrome, causing a series of explosions and a number of fires."

AERODROME IN SICILY BOMBED

In Sicily the aerodrome at Catania was effectively attacked.

Enemy positions at Halfaya were again heavily bombed throughout yesterday, January 13. Direct hits were obtained on gun positions and fortifications and motor-transport vehicles and encampments were attacked with good results.

In the forward areas our fighter aircraft were active between El-Agheila and Jedabya.

RAID ON MALTA

Malta was raided on a number of occasions yesterday and some damage was done. One Messerschmitt 109 was shot down by anti-aircraft gun-fire.

From these and other operations four of our aircraft are missing."—Reuter.

SOVIET ADVANCE ON LENINGRAD FRONT

Finns Dislodged From Town With Heavy Losses: Railway Line In Russian Hands

MOSCOW, Jan. 14.

Units commanded by Gen. Fedyuninsky are moving towards the German fortified line of defences on the Leningrad front, says a despatch from the Tass Agency correspondent.

"The Nazis are fighting desperately for every yard of the thinly populated area, which they still retain, east of Leningrad", the correspondent adds.

FINNS DISLODGED

"Our troops dislodged Finns from the town of "V". According to incomplete figures in a sector held by one formation alone Finnish White Guards lost over 3,000 men in killed and wounded. In the same sector our troops captured 27 machineguns, many rifles and a large quantity of ammunition. Five Soviet planes raided an enemy aerodrome and put seven aircraft out of action.

RAILWAY LINE IN SOVIET HANDS

The railway line from Maloyaroslavets to Kaluga is now completely in Russian hands, says the "Red Star's" correspondent on the central front.

This follows the recapture of the important railway junction of Tikhonova-Pushtyn a few miles north-west of Kaluga, which was announced two days ago.

EASTERN FRONT AT A GLANCE

KUIBYSHEV: The following is the position on the eastern front in a nutshell as given by M. Lozovsky and the Soviet Press:

The Soviet advance continues on the whole front. The Soviet offensive on the wings of the Moscow front, where large numbers of Germans are still concentrated continues successfully.

On the Murmansk front, the Soviets are confounding the hopes of their German and Finn enemies by pressing on, despite intense cold and the few hours of semi-daylight. Marshal Timoshenko is battling forward on the south-western sectors, where the Germans are trying to cling on to every village and in the Crimea the position of the Germans, according to M. Lozovsky, is no better than on the Moscow front. The latest news from the Crimea is that a Soviet offensive is developing there with the aim of cleaning up the whole peninsula.

NAZI CLAIMS

A German Communique claims that they have repulsed several Soviet attacks in the southern sector of the eastern front. The Communique records violent British attacks in the Sollum area.

NAZIS DRAIN RUMANIA OF OIL

ANKARA: The Germans are using Rumanian oil almost exclusively for army requirements on the eastern front, according to reports received in Ankara. Wells are being over-exploited but the Germans remain impervious to the Rumanian warnings that this policy is suicidal and leading to oil-fields drying up.—Reuter.

(See Page 8)

NEW IDEALS BEFORE PARSI YOUTH

Objects Of Conference To Be Held Next Week Explained

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The aims and objects of the second Parsi Youth Conference to be held in Bombay next week-end under the chairmanship of Lady Jehangir were explained to a meeting of the Parsis at Palamcoat Hall, Dadar Parsi Colony, this evening. Mr. M. E. Joshi presided.

Mr Joshi explaining his attitude towards the Conference said that he was glad to find politics and religion being excluded from the programme. The conveners of the conference aimed at representing the voice of the younger generation of the community. They were working with the aim of rejuvenating the youth of the community, which, if once roused to action, was sure to tackle successfully some of the vital problems of the community.

ORTHODOXY'S SUPPORT

Concluding Mr. Joshi referred to the questions taken up by the conference such as poverty, communal as well as inter-communal peace and harmony, establishment of welfare centres and physical-culture classes, etc., and said, that so far as these activities were concerned, they had the full support of the orthodoxy of the community.

Dr. Behram Mehta, who spoke next, said the very nature of every youth movement, was bound to be against tradition. The world being a fast changing one, it was their duty to shape their ideals according to the needs of the time. The youth conference, therefore, required them to think independently.

Concluding Dr. Mehta said that the educational institutions of the community were behind time, and were badly in need of early reform.

Mr. Erwad Bode speaking next said that the main aim of the conference was to organise the youth of the community for communal service. New ideals were necessary for solving the problems of the community. A community may survive economic poverty, but cultural and spiritual poverty was sure to kill it. Hence the aim of the conference was to bring the youths of the community to a plain of higher and richer ideals of life.

Mr. Doongaji said that the organisers wanted to build up through the conference a permanent edifice of the Parsi Youth movement. He emphasized collective action as his message to them, as isolation was sure to ruin them.

Meerut Sugar Mill Dispute Settled

LUCKNOW, Jan. 14.

The dispute which resulted in the suspension of work by the sugar mills in Meerut Division following the refusal of Co-operative Societies to supply cane at less than eight annas per maund has, it is understood, been amicably settled.

According to the settlement, it is learnt that the Cane Co-operative Societies have agreed to accept a rate of six annas and a quarter for the present and seven annas from January 19.—A. P.

FIRST BOMBAY PROVINCIAL ART CONFERENCE

To Meet In The City On 24th And 25th Inst.

Under the auspices of the Art Society of India, the First B. P. Art Conference will be held in Bombay, on the 24th and the 25th inst.

The main objects of the Conference will be to bring together all the painters, sculptors and architects of the province of Bombay, and establish personal contact with a view to further co-operation between the various districts and sections of the Presidency.

The Conference will discuss urgent issues of reorganisation of art activity of the Province with a view to meet the demands of the times.

Art societies or associations and art circles from different towns are requested to send in a strong representation to the Conference. Individual artists are also requested to attend and help the Conference.

All local artists—painters, sculptors and architects—are requested to join the Reception Committee as also art lovers.

Fees:—Reception Committee Rs. 10; Delegates Rs. 2; Visitors Re. 1. Daily and students Re. 1 for both days.

Only members of the Reception Committee and delegates will have the power to vote at the Conference.

Delegates intending to send resolutions in the open session should send those resolutions duly proposed and seconded, on or before the 20th January 1942, to the Hon. General Secretary, c/o The Art Society of India, Sandhurst House, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

Free Passes For Satyagrahis

The All-India Congress Committee Wardha has issued the following bulletin:—

Free passes for admission to the A. I. C. C. pandal as visitors will be issued to Harijan, Muslim and lady Satyagrahis of the Nagpur Province. Such Satyagrahis may immediately apply with the due endorsement to the Chairman of the Reception Committee, for admission.

The sitting of the A. I. C. C. will commence at 2-30 p.m. on the 15th inst., in the Abhyankar Nagar.

The Reception Committee is planning flag-salutation under the auspices of the Rastrapati at 8 a.m. on the 15th in the Zenda Chowk, Abhyankar Nagar.

The Congress President was given a grand reception at the station on his arrival.

APPRECIATION SHOW OF "SANT SAKHU"

The Cinegoers' Association of India, Ladies' Section, will honour "Sant Sakhu"—the Ideal of Indian Womanhood—by holding an appreciation show to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. at Central Talkies, Girgaon, and will congratulate the Directors of the Prabhat Film Company for their continued efforts in producing Class Pictures for the Indian Screen. Dr. Malinibai Sukhtankar will preside.

Sequel To Dollar Control

Employment Of Foreigners By Indian Firms

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

As sanction of the Reserve Bank is necessary to make remittances to foreign countries, any firm desirous of engaging engineers or other employees from outside the sterling area should first apply to the Reserve Bank to ascertain whether it is prepared to allow remittances in U. S. Dollars or other foreign currency of the salaries of the employees or part thereof, which they find it necessary to remit.

The granting of passport visas to foreigners to come to India does not by itself entitle them, if they secure employment in India, to remit any portion of their rupee salaries to countries outside the sterling area.—A.P.

NO HAND IN DUFF COOPER'S RECALL

LONDON, Jan. 13.

A message received in London from Melbourne states that the Commonwealth Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin, denies a London report that Mr. Duff Cooper's recall was the result of Australian representations.

"Mr. Duff Cooper's visit to Australia was very much appreciated and we concurred in the views he expressed," said Mr. Curtin.—Reuter.

WILL BRITAIN YIELD TO NAZI BLACKMAIL?

Issue Of Lifting Blockade For Food Supply To Starving Greece

LONDON, Jan. 14.

The British Government are considering the question of sending food supplies to the starving population of Greece, it is learned at the Ministry of Economic Warfare to-day.

If it decided to lift the blockade for this purpose, this will not be a precedent. It is felt that the Germans by starving Greece are instituting a form of blackmail, by which they hope to compel Britain to supply food not only to Greece but to other stricken European countries.—Reuter.

U. S. ARMY AND LABOUR FORCE PLANS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

That five million men is the projected strength of the United States army now being formed was made known by the Associate Director of the Office of Production Management, Mr. Sidney Hillman, addressing in Washington a conference of Mayors to-day.

By the end of 1942 the United States must have a Labour Force of fourteen millions, Mr. Hillman said, adding "to mobilise a Labour Force three times the projected size of our army is not going to be easy."

The Labour Force at the end of 1941 was only five million, he said, adding that the nation must train many more women workers to take the place of men called to the services.—Reuter.

D. E. I. GOVERNOR IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

The Lt.-Governor-General of the Dutch East Indies, Van Mook, arrived in Washington to-day from Australia and the Dutch East Indies. He is conferring with the Netherlands Legation this afternoon and expects to begin talks with the American Government as soon as possible. He is seeing various authorities and probably President Roosevelt.

On arrival at Washington air port Van Mook said his air journey had been without incident.—Reuter.

Third Pan-American Conference

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 14.

The Foreign Ministers of various American countries have arrived here to attend the third Pan-American Conference, which opens here to-morrow under the presidentship of the Brazilian President.

The United States will be represented by Mr. Sumner Welles, Assistant Secretary of State.—Reuter.

CIANO LEAVES FOR BUCHAREST

LONDON, Jan. 14.

The Italian Foreign Minister Count Ciano left Rome by train for Bucharest to-night. A high official of the Foreign Ministry and the Hungarian Minister in Rome accompanied him.—Reuter.

Asst. A.R.P. Controller For Poona

In connection with the organisation of Air Raid Precautions measures in the Poona-Kirkee area, the Government of Bombay has created a temporary appointment of Assistant A. R. P. Controller (General and Organisation), Poona, and appointed Mr. A. H. Khasgiwale to hold it.

K. K. ADENWALLA SERIOUSLY ILL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Seth Kekobad Kavasji Dinsha Adenwalla, J.P., senior partner of Messrs. Cowasji Dinsha & Bros., has been laid up for the last two days, and his health is causing anxiety.

40,000 Japanese Casualties In Hunan

Fighting Flares Up In Vicinity Of Canton: Chinese Bid To Capture Inner Wall Of Hwaiyang

CHUNGKING, Jan. 14.

Foreign military officers returning from the Changsha front confirm that the Japanese casualties amount to at least 40,000 killed and wounded.

The fields outside the Hunan capital are literally full of Japanese dead. They say that they have never witnessed such fierce and sustained close-quarter fighting; The Chinese and Japanese positions were in some places only three yards apart.

Foreign missionaries in Changsha confirmed that the Japanese never entered the city, and also that the Japanese set fire to an American Missionary Hospital before retreating.

Abandoned On Battle Field

Twenty-three thousand Japanese dead were abandoned on the battle field of the North Hunan front, according to a Chinese Communique. Strong Chinese units are continuing a counter-attack in Eastern Honan and are storming Hwaiyang.

Fighting flared up again in the vicinity of Canton, where the Chinese are putting off resistance against enemy forces of 3,000 men.

1,000 Japanese Taken Prisoner

CHIANKWANG: A military spokesman said to-day that 1,000 Japanese had been taken prisoner in the Changsha battle, besides the 45,000 estimated killed and wounded.

Attack On Retreating Japanese

While Japanese forces are retreating northwards from Changsha—the scene of big Chinese victory last week—the Chinese are mopping up small detachments left behind on the south bank of the Milo river according to Chinese field despatches reaching Chungking.

The Japanese on the north bank of the river have again been subjected to vigorous attacks by the pursuing Chinese. Meanwhile, Chinese attacks in the Eastern Hunan province are particularly severe at Hwaiyang where, after capturing the outer wall of the town, the Chinese are now assaulting the inner wall. Chinese artillery is reported to be subjecting the town to a heavy bombardment inflicting many Japanese casualties.

CHINESE GOVT. BANKS MERGER

The merging of four Chinese Government banks—the Central Bank of China, the Bank of China, the Bank of Communication and the Farmers Bank of Canada—into one Central Reserve Bank is proposed in a leading article in the influential paper "Ta Kung Pao" to-day.

The present Joint Board of the Administration of the four banks is only "a half way measure" says the paper adding "it is meant more to remedy the state of affairs than to serve as a positive organ enforcing the Governments fiscal policy."—Reuter.

CHANGSHA HAS SHOWN JAP WEAKNESS.

CHUNGKING, Jan. 14.

"China is ready to bring all her resources of man-power and weapons to bear on the Battle of the South Seas", declared a spokesman on the radio.

"Singapore must be defended. The time will come when an offensive must be taken. Japan has spread herself far and wide but the victory at Changsha has shown that Japan is not immune.

We have in General Wavell a good commander; we have reason to be confident in the Battle of the South Seas.

The future of a free and independent development for Indians, Malayans, Filippinos and Chinese depends on the outcome of the war.

All Chinese to-day are willing to fight side by side with the allied peoples."

JAPAN AND WAR PRISONERS

LONDON, Jan. 14.

A Prisoners of War Information Bureau has been set up in Tokyo. The Japanese Government has expressed its readiness to comply with the International Red Cross at Geneva to exchange information about prisoners of war.

Airmail Service From Australia To U. S. A.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 14.

The arrangement between Australia and the United States to maintain the alternative Air Mail Service from Australia to America has been approved by the Commonwealth War Cabinet. Dutch planes would participate in this service. Civil Air Mail charges would be higher, but there would be no increase for members of the services or prisoners of war.—Reuter.

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That glorious after-the-bath freshness can be more than a fleeting joy—it can be retained. Day-long freshness with its dainty appeal is easily achieved with Coty Talc. All-over dusting after the bath is your assurance of skin comfort and unsullied charm. Not only a duty that should not be neglected, but a delightful daily experience that never loses its thrill.

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The Half-Column
By "Dim"

I lunched yesterday (hush lunch?) with Mr. A. P. Sabavala, sometime known as the terror of his Municipal party. (He used to terrorise himself). There was also at our table a schoolmaster from the "Dufferin", the type of Indian officer that we think is of "the right type." Half way through lunch Mr. Sabava.a pointed to a youngish man lunching with an executive of Tatas and said how clever this young man was Mr. Sabavala said the young man came from Bangalore where he was searching for some cosmatic ray or something. (The words are Mr. Sabavala's, not mine.) I also gathered that the young man had discovered the theory of showers and Mr Sabavala was thinking of buying over the patent rights for the bathrooms of the Taj. Mr. Sabavala has a lot of business acumen, I must say, a promising sort of fellow, who will one day rise to become the Mayor of Bombay. If he does I hope he stays clear of Art exhibitions, which it is the fashion for Mayors to open these days.

* * *

Talking of Art Exhibitions, I hear there is one opening to-day. It is given by Jamini Roy at the Bombay Art Society Salon, 6, Rampart Row. I regret to say that I don't know as much as I should about this well-known Bengali artist of my time, so I preferred to ask someone who knows him well to write a few lines on him and this is what she says:

"This one-man Exhibition of Jamini Roy's paintings is unique in being the first to be given in Bombay of the remarkable work a few Bombay people and he is, of this highly original artist, though as can be seen from the catalogue some of his pictures were already in the possession of a few Bombay [illegible] of course, famous in Eastern India.

In spite of a family tragedy (the suicide of his eldest son), which for some years overshadowed the old man's life, he continued to work at his art in his own independent way which he instinctively felt to be sincere.

Now nearly 6. years of age and still struggling against poverty and bad health, Jamini Roy has lived his whole life in an atmosphere of severe and often unfriendly criticism due to the fact that he has always followed his own personal conviction and been opposed to confining his work to any rigid "school" of painting—Bengal or any other.

It is of particular interest to note the astonishing difference in styles of these pictures shown and much credit must be given to an artist "almost entirely self-taught" who has been able (without ever leaving his own Province of Bengal) to develop so successfully a separate European style such as we see here in these delightful landscapes, which remind one of van Gogh or Cezanne. What is most important is that he has kept this style quite unmixed with his other even more interesting work which is typically Indian and full of charm and vitality. The bold, even exciting, colour-sense and fine purity of design are directly derived from the earliest primitive Hindu paintings.

New Mahalaxmi Silk Mills' Strike

The Secretary of the New Mahalaxmi Silk Mills, Ltd., writes:—

The management of the New Mahalaxmi Mills, Ltd. had to stop the night shift from 23rd October 1941, under a proper month's notice to the workmen. For the closure of the day shift proceedings under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act 1938 had to be taken. Passing through all the stages at the conciliation proceedings the matter finally terminated with the publication by Government of the Conciliator's full report in the Government Gazette. Each party to the proceedings was thereafter fully entitled to take whatever measures that are deemed proper. The mill authorities informed the workmen of some departments on the 10th inst. that these departments were not to work henceforth and they are discharged. On the 13th inst. they, however, turned up at the mills and entered the premises though specially asked not to get in. They were still allowed half a day on Monday also and the management of the mills put up a notice to stop the mills entirely from 12 noon on Monday, the 13th inst. This action of the management being not palatable to the workmen with a view to malign the management in the eyes of the general public they have resorted to unwarranted and illegal measures giving it the form of a "Stay-in" strike.

Bhat Opens New Fountain

The City of Bombay could do with many more drinking fountains like this, said Mr. M. D. Bhat, Municipal Commissioner when performing the opening ceremony of the drinking fountain at Null Bazaar on Wednesday evening.

Sjt. Gaikwad had donated this fountain and had also given some funds to the Municipality for its maintenance. Sjt. Gaikwad is a gentleman of ordinary means and comes from a Dhangar (shepherd) family. His spirit of public service has resulted in this fountain, which will be of perennial benefit to many poor people.

After the "Vande Matram" the gathering was given an "At Home."

Deodhar Jubilee

Festival Match Ends In Draw

POONA, Jan. 14.

In the Deodhar Festival Cricket Match the Rest of India declared their second innings closed at 298 for five wickets and Western India made 146 for three in their second venture at close.

The match ended in a draw.

The start was delayed by half an hour to-day, the fourth day of the twelve-a-side Festival Cricket Match which commenced here on January 11. The delay was due to a function held this morning to congratulate Prof. Deodhar on the completion of his 50th birthday, in which all players participated.

Mohamed Nazzar and Sreenivasan continued their unfinished innings.

At lunch time the score stood at 1ob for the loss of three wickets.

The stands were full when the game was resumed after lunch.

When tea was taken the Rest of India had made 298 for the loss of five wickets.

Ramaswami, the skipper of the Rest of India, declared their second innings closed at 3-30 p.m. when tea was taken.

Western India commenced their second knock at 4-5 p.m. and opened through Deodhar and C. S. Nayudu.

When stumps were drawn Western India had made 146 runs for three wickets. The match ended in a draw.

Scores

REST OF INDIA 1st Innings 43
WESTERN INDIA 1st Innings 43
REST OF INDIA (2ND INNINGS)
Mohamed Nazzar b C. S. Nayudu 83
N. J. Venkatesan b Banerjee 0
M. G. Sreenivasan c Naoomat b Vinoo Mankad 34
Mushtaqan st. Hindlekar b Sarawate 22
Amarnath (not out) 75
Gul Mohamed c Hindlekar b Hazare 25
Bhaya not out 35
Extras 24
Total (for five wickets declared) 298

Fall of Wickets: 1/10, 2/111, 3/144, 4/174, 5/221.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hazare	14	2	55	1
Banerjee	14	0	62	1
Sarawate	25	5	68	1
Vinoo Mankad	11	3	35	1
C. S. Nayudu	13	1	54	1

WESTERN INDIA (2ND INNINGS)
Deodhar b Mohamad Nazzar 74
C. S. Nayudu c Mushtaqali b Mubarakali 3
Hazare batting 43
Banerjee c Amir Elahi b Venkatesan 2
K Sohanchand batting 6
Extras 18
Total (for three wickets) at close 146

Fall of Wickets: 1/12, 2/127, 3/130.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Amarnath	12	3	32	0
Mubarakali	5	0	23	1
Mushtaqali	4	1	18	0
Amir Elahi	5	0	32	0
Mohamed Nazzar	3	0	12	1
Venkatesan	1	0	11	1

—A. P.

CALCUTTA RACES RESULTS

CALCUTTA: January 14.

The following are to-day's Race results:—

THE ZEERUT PLATE (Divn.)—Distance about 7 furlongs: Mukama 7/11, Gill 1; Ben Braggie 9/4, Smart 2; Hilt 8/6, Marrs 3; Printer 7/7, Foy 4.

Not run: Laguna Grande 7/10.

Tote paid Rs. 54/8 for win; Rs. 17 and Rs. 22 for places.

THE KIDDERPORE PLATE (Divn. III) Distance about 1 mile: Bolster 8/3, Carr 1; Most Charming 8/10, Brown 2; Autoland 8/8, Morley 3; Impetus 8/8, Sharp 4.

Not run: Comana 8/4, Capron 8/3, Oscastle II 8/1.

Tote paid Rs. 67/8 for win; Rs. 24, Rs. 41/8 and Rs. 19 for places.

THE KIDDERPORE PLATE (Divn. I)—Distance about 1 mile: Tom Cobley 8/7, Morley 1; Abstract 8/12, Ayres and Royal Apple 8/5, Carr (Deadheat) 2; Royal Link 9/4, Marrs 4.

Not run: Civic Guard 8/7.

Tote paid Rs. 49 for win; Rs. 18/8, Rs. 22 on Abstract and Rs. 18/8 on Royal Apple for places.

THE RONALDSHAY CUP—Distance about 7 furlongs: Reflection 8/2, Lott 1; President's Butter 8/11, Marrs 2; Lovelock 7/0, Bromley 3; Let Slip 9/4, Stead 4.

Not run: J'Ecoute 7/8.

Tote paid Rs. 51 for win; Rs. 19/8, Rs. 52/8 and Rs. 35 for places.

THE KIDDERPORE PLATE (Div. II)—Distance about 1 mile: Golden Wood 8/3, Brown 1; Tantalides 8/7, Carr 2; Lapford 8/7, Sharp 3; Rare Gem 8/11, Ayres 4.

Not run: Desirous.

Tote paid Rs. 146/8 for win; Rs. 52/8, Rs. 34 and Rs. 33/8 for places.

THE ELYSIUM PLATE—Distance about 1 1/4 miles: Hothouse 7/8, Harris 1; Colorado Claro 8/0, Ermer 2; An Apple A Day 9/4, Marland 3; Moorsotis 8/2, Bromley 4.

Not run: Morning Rose 8/1, Carlos 7/1.

Tote paid Rs. 34 for win; Rs. 16 and Rs. 17 for places.

THE ZEERUT PLATE (Divn. II)—Distance 7 furlongs: Sabu 8/0, Stead 1; Filama 8/1, Sharp 2; Limehouse 7/7, Harris 3; Mount Sorrel 8/5, Carr 4.

Not run: Kakariki 8/6.

Tote paid Rs. 139 for win; Rs. 41/8, Rs. 22/8 and Rs. 22/8 for places.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs: Border Town 7/13, Carr 1; Meadow 8/2, Bromley 2; Counterscarp 9/4, Adley 3; Civic Guard 9/2, Whiteside 4.

All ran.

Tote paid Rs. 48/8 for win; Rs. 20, Rs. 33 and Rs. 24/8 for places.

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

New Delhi, January 14

It is announced that the Durand Football Tournament Committee has decided that the Durand Football Tournament will not take place and will be held in abeyance for the duration of the war.—A. P.

High Court

Dissenting Shareholders Of Bombay Telephone Co., Ltd.

COURT ORDERS INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla).

In the matter of the Bombay Telephone Co., Ltd.,

and

The offer of the Government Telephones Board Ltd., under Sec. 153 B of the Indian Companies Act.

Hormusji Maneckji Seervai and 23 Others. ..... Petitioners.

The matter in which the Petitioners, dissenting shareholders of the Bombay Telephone Co. Ltd., who had rejected the offer of the Government Telephones Board Ltd., to buy over their shares at Rs. 89-15-0 per share as grossly inadequate, was reached a hearing before His Lordship yesterday. The Petitioners claimed Rs. 134 per share mainly on the ground that the real assets of the Company had been valued without any proper basis being at all furnished to the shareholders and rested merely on the "ipse dixit" of two persons whose reports were not before the shareholders.

Opening the case for the Petitioners, Counsel for the Petitioners observed that Sec. 153 B of the Indian Companies Act was a verbatim reproduction of Sec. 155 of the English Act. He then read out to His Lordship the Petition, the Affidavit of the Hon'ble Mr. R. H. Parker a former Managing Director on behalf of the Company in reply to the Petition, and the documents annexed to them. Counsel then formulated the two points which arose for His Lordship's decision:—

(1) Is the Board's offer fair and reasonable?

If this be answered by the Court in the negative, then,

(2.) What are the powers of the Court under Sec. 153 B of the Indian Companies Act?

After the hearing had proceeded for some time, on application of the Petitioners, His Lordship ordered the Bombay Telephone Co. Ltd., to give inspection of Balance-sheets of the Company from 1925 up-to-date of the valuation reports and other valuation papers on which the figure of Rs. 2,64,23,341 for real assets was based and for particulars, if any, showing how the figure of Rs. 22,89,683 for other liabilities mentioned in a statement annexed to the affidavit of Mr. Parker was arrived at. His Lordship also directed the Government Telephones Board to give inspection of the valuation reports made by Government Experts on which the offer of Government was made. His Lordship then adjourned the hearing of this matter to 18th March next as a part-heard matter.

Mr. H. M. Seervai instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co., appeared for the Petitioners.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley & Co. Ld.

Mr. F. J. Coltman instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., appeared for the Government Telephones Board Ld.

CURIOUS MARRIAGE CUSTOMS

That the practice of paying "Bride Price" still obtains among almost all castes in Mysore was the theme of a paper read by Mr. M. N. Srinivas at a meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay, held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday evening. Prof. Ghurye, presided.

According to the various theories advanced by the lecturer, the dowry system was probably an evolved form of the "Bride Price" custom.

He then dilated on the different aspects of the "Tera" system.

In the Malnad district an old man was charged an enormous price for the bride.

"Tera" could be also paid in instalments among certain tribes.

In some cases if the bargained "Tera" was not fully paid, the bride's father could take away the bride and give her in marriage to another suitor.

Second Parsi Youth Conference

RESOLUTIONS INVITED

Parsi youths between the ages of 16 and 40 are requested to send resolutions for the Second Parsi Youth Conference which is to be held on the 24th and 25th of January, 1942, at Sir C. J. Hall. The resolutions received will be considered by the Committee, and if found suitable will be included in the programme of the Conference.

The last day of receiving resolutions is Saturday (17th January, 1942), to the joint Hon. Secretaries Sir Ratan Tata Welfare Centre, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Colony, Tardeo Bombay, or Dasturji Framroze A. Bode, Yusuf Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

AILING WOMAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

How a woman suffering from hysteria committed suicide, was narrated at the inquest, to-day, on the body of Bhagwatibai, Hindu, 35 years old wife of Devicharan Lataram, a priest, residing at Kalbadevi Road.

Bhagwatibai was being medically treated for hysteria. On Monday night all the members of the household went to bed, Bhagwatibai within the room and her husband and children outside in the verandha.

In the morning, there was no response to the husband's knocks on the door. Peeping through a window he found her hanging by the neck. The jury returned a verdict of suicidal hanging.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH

New York: January 14.

Previous closing 18.13
To-day's opening 18.10
Difference 3
To-day's closing ..... not received

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: January 14.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

New York cotton cable not received.
March 18.10
May not received
July not received.

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: January 14.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Jan/Feb (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta Jan/Feb (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4
Linseed La Plata Jan/Feb (£15 5/8 sellers) £15 5/8
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Jan/Feb (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8

JUTES

Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted

RUBBER

Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted

LONDON METALS

Tin not quoted.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

DEADLOCK IN COTTON MARKET

Chairman's Reply To Representation

The Chairman of the East India Cotton Association has given reply to the representation signed by over 60 members, in the course of which he says:—

Regarding the spot rate for Berar there were two appeals so far considered by the Board during this month. The appeals were against the rates of the 3rd and the 8th inst. which rates were confirmed by the Board. The subsequent further rates fixed at Rs. 10 down have not been before the Board yet and therefore it is wrong of you to conclude that the Board are in favour of these rates.

Regarding the necessity of applying to Government for amendment of By-law 64 to make the minimum penalty of Rs. 25 optional instead of compulsory, the notice put up on the notice boards dated 12th inst. is self-explanatory. The suggested amendment makes it 'optional' to the Board to recommend to Government on the last day to approve of the penalty being dispensed with. It is therefore misleading to say that it has been "decided to aboiish the penalty."

TRANSPORT PROBLEM

As you must be aware transport of cotton from Upcountry centres to Bombay is an important factor in the marketing of cotton. This transport which is the monopoly of Government, and, on the normal working of which the hedge contract is dependent, has failed as a result of war conditions. Therefore, the Board felt that they owed it to those members of the trade who have bought cotton Upcountry and sold here, to approach Government for the minimum protection which they could recommend to them that if the present conditions re: wagon supply continue and it is found that transport facilities do not improve appreciably Government may take cognisance of this extraordinary factor which amounts to 'force majeure' and relieve such persons who are not able to tender cotton from payment of a penalty.

You enquire in your letter as to which are the "extraordinary circumstances which prompted the Board to remove the penalty." Obviously the Board have not removed the penalty as stated above and the Chairman hopes that this will be clear to you. I am again to repeat that it is a permissive clause only which has been suggested to be added but to be exercised only on the due date subject to the approval of Government. Finally in the last para of your letter you say that the penalty is "the only check on blank sales." It is an open question whether there are not other checks on bear raids barring the penalty, but I am to draw your attention to clause III (Section e) of the Memorandum of Association of the Association in which the following occurs amongst the objects for which the Association is established:—

"the prevention of and dealing with 'Corners' or 'Bear Raids' in any and every kind of cotton and cotton transactions so as to prevent or stop or mitigate undue speculation inimical to the Trade as a whole."

If the Board take no action when the difference between December/January Oomra and March Oomra is widened from Rs. 13 to Rs. 28 between the 5th December and 9th January the Board may be said to have failed in their duty. Whether you agree with this opinion of the Board or not you must realise that the step taken by the Board is a mild one at the most and cannot be said by any means to be in any way encouragement to bears.

You are perhaps aware that in other cotton markets wherever Government stopped forward trading since the outbreak of war, they found it feasible to buy up the crop of the country in order to help the cotton growers. In India you realise the inability of Government to do this. It is, therefore, necessary for those interested in the welfare of India's cotton growers to continue the hedge market in a fair spirit so that the cotton growers' best interest may be safeguarded as far as possible. To this end it is necessary not to allow those who have bought cotton in Bombay to overdo their advantage when certain indispensable factors of marketing like transport are drastically curtailed under the war conditions.

If insistence is to be allowed on squeezing out the maximum advantage to be derived from a contract, you will realise that hedge contracts must cease to operate. If therefore you Gentlemen, signatories to this letter, feel that it is not to the interest of India to close this hedge market, the Chairman feels that it would be necessary to adjust the By-laws in accordance with developments which may take place as a result of the war factors—adjustments which, without being unfair to either side may give little relief to the party who may have no share in the failure of a cardinal factor in the marketing of cotton.

The Chairman will place the letter before the Board at their next meeting.

Sixteen Italian prisoners and 460 Indian Evacuees arrived here to-day from Rangoon. Of the Indian evacuees, more than half are women and the rest are male adults and children, majority being Bengalis.—A.P.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: January 14.

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: January 14.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London: January 14.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER

London: January 14.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 9/16d) 23 9/16d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36
London on Shanghai unavailable.
London on Kobe not quoted

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: January 14.

There was no trading during night session.

London Stock Exchange

London: January 14.

The London Stock Exchange was very quiet.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: January 14.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: January 14.

5 per cent 1958/68 £101 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £82 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 5/16
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £101 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 17-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 38-9
Electric Music Industry 14-9
Princhin Johnson 22-0
Imperial Chemical 33-3
Woolworth New Ordinary 60-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £76 1/2
Dundee 30-9
Unilever Ordinary 31-0
Ford Motors 25-5
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £68 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 7/32
Carreas 'A' £5 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 5/8
P and O Defd 28-4
Distillers 75-6
Bredfords Dye 10-0
British Celanese 7-3
J and P Coates 35-10
Courtaulds Ordinary 35-10
Fine Cotton Spinners 7-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-4
Inter Nickel dol 43 1/2
Indian Iron 48-1

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-10
Donaro Tea 30-7
Empire of India 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 14-1
Gula Kelampong 11-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 19-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 18-9
Burma Corporation 5-9
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £2 1/8
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 7/8
Associated Portland Cement 52-6
Trinidad Leasehold 71-3
Sub Nigel £7 3/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 9/32
Union Corporation 152-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 38-1
Anglo-India 63-1
Burma Oil £2 11/16
Mexican Eagle 12-6
Shell Transport £2 5/8
Royal Dutch £20

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £44 1/2
London Midland Ordinary £17 7/8
London North Eastern Defd £2 5/16
London Southern Defd £15 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent £128
London Transport £40

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA: January 14.

Although business continued on a restricted scale, the undertone in all Sections have kept fully steady.

Following are the closing quotations:—

Government Securities: 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1949/52 98, 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 94/14, 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 109/5 s lot, 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108 s odd lot.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1568 s odd lot, Reserve Bank 102/8.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 5/1, Danbar 234 s lot, New Victoria ord 5, Pref 7/9.

Coals: Bengal 375 c div s lot, Churulia 1/8, East Indian 16/6, Standard 21, Talcher 1/14.

Jutes: Barnagore 93, Clive 22/14 s lot, Craig 2/1, Hooghly 63/8, Hukumchand 12, India 344, Lawrence 257 ex-div ex-right, Lansdowne 143 s lot, National 23/7, Reliance 53/8 s lot, Orient 182 s lot, Rameshwars 9.

Miscellaneous: Darjeeling Himalayan Rly. ord 81, Burn and Co ord 355, Indian Malleable Casting ord 6/8, Indian St. Wagon pref 150, B I Corporation ord 5/1, Calcutta Safe Deposit 8/2, Indian Cables 20/8, MacFarlane and Co. Defd 2/8, India Paper Pulp 150, Orient Paper 16/4, Sree Gopal Paper 15/8, Star Paper 14/8, Titaghur Paper 20 c t, Borooah Timber 15.

Sugar Shares: Buland 24/12, Cawnpore 24, Purtabpore 11/4, Raza 25/12.—A. P.

Statutory And Other Notices

ECONOMIC RESOURCES BOARD COMPILATION

The eighth series of the publication "Statutory and other notices issued by the Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India regarding matters relating to the Trade and Commerce of British India in connection with the War" covering the period June 1, 1941 to August 31, 1941, has been issued by the Economic Resources Board to-day.

The publication, which is intended to facilitate reference, reproduce statutory and other notices concerning post war economic reconstruction, imports and exports, finance, trading with the enemy and the control of enemy property, the control of tea, rubber, vehicles tools, chemicals, etc., the control of prices, house rents, wages and freights, production, supplies, labour, insurance, transport, patents, designs, etc. An Alphabetical Index to the first Eight Series, covering the period from September 1939 to August 1941, has been published separately.

"Which is the best remedy for Wasting Diseases?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

Angier's Emulsion is widely and successfully used in the treatment of consumption and in all forms of ill-health in which there is loss of weight. Pleasant to take, it promotes appetite, aids digestion and builds up weight and strength.

In addition to its tonic properties, Angier's Emulsion exerts a pronounced soothing, healing action which makes it invaluable for inflammatory and catarrhal affections of the lungs or digestive organs. Angier's Emulsion is strongly recommended for consumption, scrofula, rickets, anæmia, and wasting bowel disorders. If you are run-down, nervous, depressed or convalescent after a serious illness, it is of paramount importance to take a tonic restorative that is recommended by the Medical Profession for building up health, strength and mental vigour. Angier's Emulsion has been such a remedy for over 40 years. Safe, reliable and efficient, it provides a true health-restoring treatment. It has won a splendid reputation throughout India.

The Most Palatable of all Emulsions.

A Doctor writes:—"I may say that Angier's Emulsion is not new to me. I was prescribing it freely 30 years ago when several pulmonary cases were under my care, and I still recommend it."
(Signed)———M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

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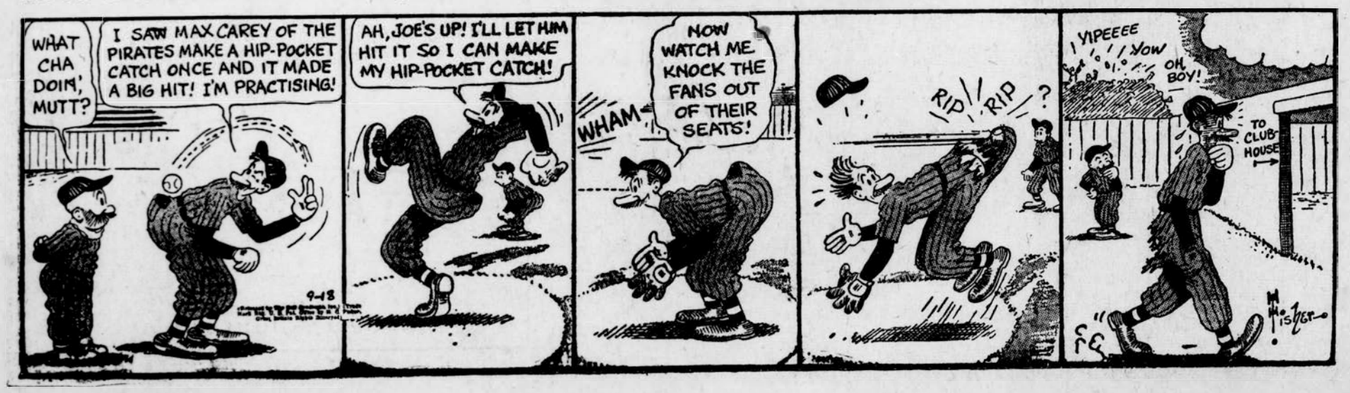
HUNTLEY & PALMERS
famous
BISCUITS
will be the choice of the Future

SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN WAR CONDITIONS PERMIT

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Went Right to the Showers and No Questions Asked — By BUD FISHER


WHAT CHA DOIN', MUTT?
I SAW MAX CAREY OF THE PIRATES MAKE A HIP-POCKET CATCH ONCE AND IT MADE A BIG HIT! I'M PRACTISING!
AH, JOE'S UP! I'LL LET HIM HIT IT SO I CAN MAKE MY HIP-POCKET CATCH!
WHAM
NOW WATCH ME KNOCK THE FANS OUT OF THEIR SEATS!
RIP! RIP!
YIPEEE
YOW
OH, BOY!
TO CLUB HOUSE

LACTOPEPTINE
ENDS INDIGESTION

Indigestion is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how can you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE.

DIGESTS LIKE NATURE DIGESTS

That's the secret of LACTOPEPTINE. It digests just like Nature digests. It does, in fact, contain those very ingredients which Nature herself uses in the human digestion. Try LACTOPEPTINE after your next meal. You'll be delighted at the freedom from pain and distress. You'll be amazed how much better and brighter you feel. LACTOPEPTINE is obtainable in 3 forms, Tablets, Powder and Elixir, from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

GOOD UNDERLYING COTTON DEMAND IN U. S. A.

Prices Decline On Commission House Liquidation

STRONG WASHINGTON OPPOSITION TO APPROVED CONTROL BILL

Bombay, January 14

As usual the Washington administration strongly opposes to the approved Price Control Bill by the Senate. It remains to be seen how far the Government goes in their zeal to keep cotton at low levels. There is a large demand for cotton textile goods and Mills are forced to buy cotton at market prices and with scarcity of sellers, price level is gaining ground. The Control Bill was approved by the U. S. A. Senate with liberal terms and the Government with emergency powers are trying to dictate their own terms.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market early declined on Tuesday on Commission House liquidation and Southern selling on strong administration opposition to the Senate approved Control Bill but reports of Mr. Wickard undesiring veto power over price ceilings uncovered active Spot House demand. The weakness of wheat stimulated renewed selling but continued to disclose a good underlying demand.

At the opening March delivery was quoted 14 points down at 18.12 and immediately touched 18.07 which was the lowest level for the day. At the decline there was moderate buying and March improved to 18.18 which was the highest level reached during the first half hour. Thereafter the market was quietly steady and finally closed at a net decline of 8 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices closed 13 points down at 19.61c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with increased selling and closed at a loss of 17 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 17 points at 18.56c. per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—The deadlock in the market on the proposed removal of penalty on Oomra Dec/January sales continues with no trading. This is nothing but "cutting one's nose to spite others." Because, the poor farmers and consumers are thereby penalised. But if Authorities choose, they can modestly help all. For instance, the Government can easily secure details of local stocks and monthly consumption or exports from local organisations and then allow essential requirements into the Ports. Further they can encourage Government aided Banks to lend farmers liberally on such interior stocks. Here, since Government accept war risks on commodities, their interest will be better safeguarded with extra stock in the interior than in the ports, which are susceptible to future dangers. Some such action by Government will no doubt go a long way to reassure the farmers and consumers alike. Because, in such panics, the serious loss of farmers purchasing power highly handicaps the mills in disposing off their products. Looking ahead, with Egypt having decided to reduce next acreage and America following her with prospects of serious labour shortage. Rural American labour is already drifting into factories. Then, with the projected American programme of drafting 10 1/2 million men into the forces, tremendous equipment will be needed. Here, in India farmers would rather prefer to plant more rice and wheat than cotton on present unremunerative prices.

War reports from Malaya are somewhat disturbing but military commentators are suggesting opening of fresh fronts either through Burma or Siberia to curb the enemy initiative. The latter with the co-operation of America is considered to be more important to strike the enemy at her home nests.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest
(10-23 a.m.) ..... 18.18—08
New York March lowest
(10-5 a.m.) ..... 18.07—19

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market eased on long liquidation. Undertone steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, January 13

January	17.85—06
March	18.13—13
May	18.31—13
July	18.54—10
October	18.53—10
December	18.56—12
Middling Spot	19.61—13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, January 13

January	17.76—17
March	18.16—17
May	18.36—16
July	18.49—15
October	18.71—11
December	18.75—10
Middling Spot	18.66—17

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, January 13
Noon call

March	18.13
May	18.34
July	18.45

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SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.)
Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, January 14

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York. London Spot Silver was unchanged at 23 1/2d and forward quotation was also unchanged at 23 9/16. The market was quietly steady and small trade demand was officially satisfied. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3 and forward parity was Rs. 62-12.6. The local market was closed to-day.

LONDON SILVER
London January 13

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD
London January 13

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£8.8.0

LONDON RUBBER
London, January 13

London smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb.	unquoted

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, January 13

T T London on:—	
The market rates unchanged.	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London January 13

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£68 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	unquoted
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	101 13/16
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 7/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	107 3/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	105 5/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	115 1/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	114 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	7 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	62
National Bank of India	31 1/2

LONDON SEEDS
London, January 13

Rozario Santa Fe	22/7 1/2
Barletta Russo	22/9
South Australian	unquoted

COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, January 14

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P	134	131	128	125
M G Punjab	134	131	128	125
M G Rajputana	140	137	134	131
M G Oomra No. 3	187	184	181	178
M G C P No. 1	223	220	217	214
M G C P No. 2	200	197	194	191

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, January 14

	Old.	Ready
Bengal Fine	118-21	130/33
Berar	141-46	189/91
C. P. 1	196-201	223/26
C. P. 2	161-66	203/06
Khandesh	116-21	131/36
Muglai	121-26	146/51
Broach	132-37	
Broach Low	112-22	

BOMBAY METALS
Bombay, January 14

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	106	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	104	0 0
Tone:—Steady.			

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941-42	1940-41
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 13-1-42	2553000	2545000
Receipts yesterday 13-1-42	23000	7000
Export to date 13-12-41		585000
Stock at Ports 9-1-42	3354000	3446000
Stock at Interior Towns do		3303000
Quantity in sight 19-12-41		6908000

PEPPER AND GINGER
Bombay, January 14

Pepper ready	102	0	0
Maha Sud 15	99	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	102	0	0
Ginger ready	38	0	0
Maha Sud 15	31	8	0
Chaitra Sud 15	30	0	0

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, January 13

Day's receipts at all U S ports	23,000 bales

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay, January 14

Although the market remained officially open today no business was transacted.

Bombay Stock Exchange Closed

Bombay, January 14

The Bombay Stock Exchange remained closed to-day.

Cotton Markets Closed

Bombay, January 14

The local cotton market and the Mahajan Association market remained entirely closed.

Seeds Market Closed

Bombay, January 14

The local Seeds markets were closed today and no business was done in wheat, linseed, groundnuts, castorseeds and cottonseeds.

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 1,018 cent points at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 1,025 cent points at 331

COTTON TENDERS
Bombay, January 14

	To-day	Total
Bengal	100	5950
Oomra	8300	84350

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS
Bombay, January 14

Yarn No. 6 1/2s	February 215	April	214
Yarn No. 10 1/2s	February 240	April	238
Yarn No. 20 1/2s	February 342	April	337
Yarn No. 40s	February 540	April	535

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s, are nominal.

YARN AND SILK MERCHANTS QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, January 14

64/2 Koru Nissin	Spot	27	0	0
84/2 Koru Nissin	Spot	38	0	0
54/2 Any	Spot	2	11	0
80/2 Any	Spot	3	1	0
150 Any	Spot	2	9	0

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS
Bombay, January 14

266 cases sewing cotton thread; 168 pkgs light carbonate of magnesia; 102 pkgs boiler fittings; 350 pcs fire bars; 200 hhds ale; 150 d/bags nails; 250 bags rose nails; 92 pcs fire clay; 2108 pcs San. E'ware; 45 c/s cigarettes and tobacco; 32 cases steel cut tacks; 200 D/bags decolourising carbon; 300 lse e'ware closets, lavatories and urinal; 30 bundles steel bars; 200 drums bichromate of soda; 200 d/bags cut nail; 325 pkgs steel rose nails; 39 bales cork life jackets and life buoys; 600 pkgs steel nails; 150 pcs steel tubes; 40 drums lignoactas; 915 pkgs sewing machines and parts thereof; 51 cases stout; 2456 cases beer; 30 cases gin; 50 cases wine; 85 cases prtd books, pencils, stationery etc; 5434 cases whisky; 197 loose steel tyres.

EXPORTS
Bombay, January 14.

34 cases cotton yarn Tulsidas Khimji; 500 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 25 bales cotton pcegoods D Abraham and Sons; 200 bales cotton waste coloured Sant Textile Products (India) Ltd; 10 bales tanned buff calf skins D Abraham and Sons; 9 bales tanned goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 58 bales cotton pcegoods F F Campbell and Co Ltd; 10 bales cotton pcegoods M Gulabdas and Co; 100 bales cotton grey yarn H M Ghazanfer and Co; 32 bales cotton pcegoods G N Musry; 262 bales raw D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 10 bales fur kid-skins, D Abraham and Sons, 80 bags gum H M Kerawalla; 40 bales tanned buff hides D Abraham and Sons; 320 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co; 101 bales raw wool Ralli Bros Ltd; 601 bags crushed bones J J Rahimtoola and Co; 2131 bales raw cotton Anderson Clayton and Co; 50 bales raw wool K Esmail; 7623 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd.

Audited Returns Of Railway Traffic

The following statement shows the Audited Returns of Traffic of the various Railways under the Agency of Killick Nixon and Co., for the month of October 1941:—

	For Octr. 1941.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with October 1940.	From 1-1-41 to 31-10-41	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
Tapti Valley Rly.	Rs. 2,74,773	+ Rs. 53,118	Rs. 27,75,381	+ Rs. 3,02,011
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	Rs. 98,950	+ Rs. 22,268	Rs. 10,45,810	+ Rs. 1,12,991
Guzerat Railways	Rs. 38,670	+ Rs. 11,899	From 1-4-41 to 31-10-41 Rs. 2,75,901	+ Rs. 17,432
Central Prov. Rlys.	Rs. 37,451	— Rs. 399	From 1-10-41 to 31-10-41 Rs. 37,451	— Rs. 399
Mandra Bhon Rly.	Rs. 20,022	+ Rs. 3,031	Rs. 20,022	+ Rs. 3,031
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	Rs. 57,334	+ Rs. 13,673	Rs. 57,334	+ Rs. 13,673

Steady Tone On Calcutta Stock Exchange

Calcutta: January 13.

Business continued on a very moderate scale and the undertone in almost all sections continued full steady. Government securities continued firm.

Following are closing quotations:—

Government Securities: 3 per cent Government Paper 82, 3 per cent Defence Loan 1949/52 98/1, 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 95, 4 1/2 per cent Loan 1955/60 11/2, 3 per cent Loan 1963/65 94/1, 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 101/6, 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108/2.

Banks: Central Bank 47, Imperial Bank Contg 357, Reserve Bank 102/10.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 8/12, Kesoram 9, New Victoria Pref 7/6.

Coals: Bengal 376, Bhalgora 5, Burrakur 12/8, Central Kurkend 15/2, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/5.

Jutes: Agarpara 38/12 c t, Alliance 305, Anglo-India 346, Auckland 173 ex-div s lot, Bally 231, Belvedere 391 s l, Champdany 182 Cheviot 188, Craig 2/1, Delta 432, Ft. Gloster 518, Howrah 52/4, India 344, Kamarhatty 484, Kankinarrah 383, Kinnison 344 ex-div ex-right s lot, Meghna 58/4, National 23, Naskarpara 17/8, Orient 179, Presidency 5, Reliance 53/12, Reliance Pref 168, Soorah Pref 135 s lot.

Miscellaneous: Arrah Sasaram Rly 68, Indian Copper 2, Dalmia Cement ord 1/4 s lot, India Galvanizing 32/9, Kumardhubi Eng Pref 151, B I Corpn Ord 5/1, Rohtas Industries Pref 150, Bengal Paper 15, India Paper Pulp 150, Orient Paper ord 16/4 c t, Sree Gopal Paper 15/1, Star Paper 14/2.

Sugar Shares: Buland 24/12, Carew and Co ord 12/3, Murree Brewery 15, Puraabpore 11/4, Samastipore 11/6.

Tea Shares: Bishnauth 27/10, Nagaisurree 990, Tezpore 8/2.

Debentures: 7 per cent 1922/52 Nuddea Mills Debs 106, 5 1/2 per cent 1946/56 Ramnugger Cane and Sugar 1st Mortgage Debs 10/8.—A. P.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
Bombay, January 14

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh	971	29,239	45,085
Central India	339	11,522	23,912
Barsi and Nagar	1,041	28,063	39,722
Hyderabad/Gaorani	253	4,058	12,478
Berar	1,067	86,350	117,556
Central Provinces	199	32,619	15,902
Total Oomras	4,870	191,891	254,655
Dholeras	.....	15,000	13,312
N W Provinces	.....	1,021	415
Rajputana	.....	373	1,559
Sind-Punjab	2,998	203,985	213,639
Broach	303	18,062	8,185
Coompta & Dharwar	.....	6,002	27,031
Westerns-Northerns	.....	5,956	27,987
Cocoanada	.....	.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	8,136	522
Total	7,171	353,361	547,544
Arrived by road to 8th January 1942	.....	42,500	85,000

MONEY MARKET

Bombay January 14

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Four months.

B C RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 5/32

NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4; D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2; D D Rs 327 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2.

MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs 294 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47

JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 58
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.

BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs. 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.

STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95

SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 157 1/2; D D Rs. 157 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 155 1/4; D D Rs. 153 1/2.
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 1/32 3/32.

MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5 21.5

LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20

NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady dull.
Gold £8/8/0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 9/16 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
1 to 2 months 1/2 per cent.
3 to 6 months 3/4 per cent.
9 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

COLOMBO QUOTATIONS

Colombo, January 14

Price of rubber in Ahdi local market today was: sheet 56, crepe 57. Yesterday's closing prices were the same. Copra market closed. Cocoanut oil f.o.b. 500.00.

demand the cough medicine with the licorice flavour

When you have a cold or cough, be sure of 3 things about the medicine you buy: ¶ 1. Be sure it contains no dope. ¶ 2. Reject new, untried medicines. ¶ 3. Ask for the licorice flavour. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is absolutely free from all narcotics. It is harmless even to a baby. For 50 years millions have used it for coughs and colds all over the world — the Cough Medicine with the Licorice Flavour.

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Thursday, January 15, 1942.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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GLYCO-THYMOLINE
To cure common cold and tonsilities douche the nose and gargle with Clyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues
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Disintegration At Very Foundation?

Growing Uneasiness Among People, Frequent Quarrels Among Leaders

Nazi Troops Hasten To Get Out Of Red Army's Path: Hate Of Germany Increasing In Finland, Says Lozovsky

KUIBYSHEV, Jan. 14.

"The bases of Hitler's Germany have begun to disintegrate at their foundations", said M. Lozovsky at a press conference in Kuibyshev on Thursday.

"The population of Germany has been brought to despair by hunger and poverty and the terrible losses at the front.

At the same time the advance and counter-attacks of the Soviet armies methodically continue inflicting on the German army enormous losses in man-power and technical equipment.

We know that the enemy is violent like a wounded wild beast and for that reason, he is dangerous. But the Red Army will systematically and without stopping continue the destruction of German occupation forces until the Soviet soil is cleared of the Hitlerite hordes.

The routing of several dozen divisions and the retreat and flight of the German armies on several sectors of the Soviet-German front has led to growing misbelief in the possibility of defeating the Soviet Union and the desire, under any conditions and by any means, to get away from the Red Army.

The military position is favourable for the Soviet Union".

HEAVY GERMAN LOSSES WERE THE REASON FOR THE GROWING UNEASINESS AMONG THE GERMAN PEOPLE AND QUARRELS BETWEEN HITLER AND HIS GENERALS, SAID M. LOZOVSKY.

The total material captured and destroyed by the Red Army between November 16 and December 6 was: 2,901 tanks, 159 armoured cars, 4,578 machine guns, 32,783 rifles, 1,136 planes, 30,543 cars and 11,295 motor cycles and cycles.

In the same period the Germans lost over 2,00,000 killed.

Asked what he thought about the situation in Finland, M. Lozovsky said, "I have already, on several occasions, told you that Finland is a tool of Hitlerite Germany and that she would not be able to last long as she would be economically exhausted, bled white and enslaved by the Germans.

Naturally the hate of the Germans has grown in Finland. Nor is it surprising that the Finnish people crave for peace."

SOVIET CAPTURE FRESH LOCALITIES

The Soviet midnight 'communique' states: "During January 13 our troops continued to fight their way forward and occupied several inhabited localities including the town of Kirov (the Smolensk region) and Gorokhovo (near Mozhaisk).

During January 12, four German planes were destroyed. We lost one plane."

Soviet Superiority In Air

Nazis Not Prepared For Winter Campaign

LONDON, Jan. 10.

One of the most important developments in the last few months' fighting on the Eastern Front, air experts say, is that the Russians have achieved at least temporary air superiority over the Germans. Experts attribute this sudden turning of the tables, cables Eric McLoughlin to the "Daily Express" from Moscow, to the unpreparedness of the German Command for winter air fighting—a mistake due to their confidence that they would reach their objectives before the cold weather began.

The Germans are reported to be working feverishly to rectify the error, and the Russians predict that their air offensive will be renewed as soon as this is complete. Stalin's Air Command is preparing for the new blitz, and in the meantime is exploiting every chance to hammer the partially immobilised German Air Force.

According to reliable Russian reports—which fit in with what I saw in brief visits to the front—the German Air Command was so ill equipped for the winter that it is still finding the greatest difficulty in putting even a limited number of planes into the air.

Until the German machines are adapted to work in intense cold, they need as bases permanent airfields with heating and other facilities. Such fields are especially needed when the Army is retreating, and are not easily found.

New Chief Justice Sworn In At Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Jan. 14.

The new Chief Justice, Mr. Frederic Gordon-Smith, a former Fuisne Judge of Malay States was sworn in at Jerusalem to-day.—Reuter.

Dr. Malan's Motion Denounced

Republicans' Demands Untimely And Dangerous, Says Smuts

CAPETOWN, Jan. 14.

The debate in the Assembly on the opposition leader Dr. Malan's motion for South-Africa to become an independent republic was opened on Tuesday.

An amendment was moved by Field-Marshal Smuts approving the Union declarations of war on Japan, Bulgaria Hungary, Rumania and Finland and affirming continuance of the Union's membership of British Commonwealth.

The amendment expressed strongest disapproval of raising in wartime, issues involving a fundamental change in the constitution.

Field-Marshal Smuts emphasised that the opposition were no longer clamouring for neutrality or a separate peace. They were perhaps realising the effect of the changed war situation on the people as indicated in recent by-elections.

If South Africa had been a neutral republic, she would not have been protected from attacks like those on the United States.

The Nationalists wanted to form a republic in which all differing from them would be deprived of citizenship. He would fight such a movement to the bitter end.

By such a policy the Nationalists would ultimately destroy themselves. Government would remain on the road to security and freedom. Thanks to Government policy, South Africa was not alone and not exposed and unprotected to storms from any quarter.—Reuter.

EARLE PAGE ON WAR STRATEGY & DOMINIONS

LONDON, Jan. 13.

Sir Earle Page, Australia's special envoy to Britain, in a statement to-day said that the slow progress in Empire co-ordination had been because there had been too much emphasis on the political make-up. Any political make-up must necessarily be spasmodic, because of the immense distances separating the Dominions and of urgent domestic problems. What was needed now was that the fullest information should be conveyed to and from the Dominions and their views sought and exchanged with criticism given and taken.

Now that foreign policy and strategy were still in a fluid form a more active and complete system of Liaison was now essential, covering not only foreign policy but the fighting services, supply and economic relations.—Reuter.

SPEECH DISCLOSED AFTER FORTNIGHT.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 14.

The Minister of Aircraft Production, Senator Cameron, opening the first meeting of the new Aircraft Production Advisory Committee at the end of last month, said that the destiny of Australia might depend on its deliberations. His speech was disclosed only to-day.

Already Japan was attacking Australia's outer defences, Senator Cameron added.

Australia must have more combat machines to prevent the enemy from attempting an invasion.—Reuter.

Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders arrived on Tuesday to attend the Congress Working Committee at Wardha.

WAR NEWS AND EMPIRE PRESS

Col. Astor On What Is Essential In Censorship

LONDON, Jan. 13.

Speaking of how the Press of the Dominions and Britain had voluntarily set aside some of its liberties with the overriding consideration that no useful information should be given to the enemy, Col. J. J. Astor, Chairman of the London "Times" presiding at the annual meeting of the Empire Press Union in London to-day said: "Can anyone doubt that we have rendered the most helpful service in our power in countering the squalid methods and contemptible purposes of the Dictators, who have set up new standards and records in lying misrepresentation and distortion? One can easily hope that in time even the German mentality will lose the pathetic confidence it may still have in the German newspapers and broadcasts. We have preached the doctrine—and it has needed preaching—that if the general public is to make its full war effort it must as far as practicable, get full war news. Bare bones are not enough. It is for newspapers to make facts live so that we may know and understand the part we have to play.

CENSORSHIP

Dealing with censorship Col. Astor said: "We hold the view that nothing may be struck out except what may be useful to the enemy or endanger national security. Criticism and comment on official policy is not only permissible but is desirable and necessary and should not be dependent on the view of individual censors."—Reuter.

B. C. Roy Elected To Bose's Vacancy

CALCUTTA, Jan. 13.

Dr. B. C. Roy was elected alderman in place of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose at a meeting of the councillors of the Calcutta Corporation, held this afternoon.

Dr. Roy defeated his rival candidate, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose (now under detention in Trichinopoly jail) by 39 to 36 votes. The voting was by ballot.

Mr. P. N. Brahma, Mayor, presided.—A. P.

Cripps' Visit To India

May Not Accept Official Duties Till Br. Premier Revises Attitude

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, Jan. 14.

I understand that Whitehall is in communication with the Kremlin regarding a new British Ambassador to Moscow, since Sir Stafford Cripps has asked to be relieved.

It is believed that Sir Stafford's successor will be a professional diplomat instead of a politician.

There is no confirmation of the reports that he is leaving for India on an unofficial mission.

Close friends of Sir Stafford Cripps assure me that it is unlikely that he will accept any official position in India. According to them it is probable that he may visit India for discussion with Pandit Nehru on the Indian situation in the light of world events. These friends are emphatic in their opinion that pending fundamental revision of the Premier's attitude towards India it is doubtful whether Sir S. Cripps will undertake duties in India similar to which he performed in Moscow.

WASH OFF INDO-CEYLON DIFFERENCES

M. A. Aziz's Plea For Round Table Conference Between Two Congresses

MADRAS, Jan. 12.

In the course of his presidential address at the second annual session of the Ceylon Indian Congress held at Jawahar Nagar in Kandy yesterday, Mr. M. A. Azis suggested a round table conference between representatives of the Ceylon National Congress and the Ceylon Indian Congress to settle once and for all the Indo-Ceylon Differences.

The session was attended by about 4,000 members and the president and other office bearers were conducted in procession to the meeting place.

The session was formally declared open by Mr. C. S. Narayanswami Iyer, editor of "Kalaimagal."—A. P.

Orissa Ministry's Tactics To Gain Majority

Ex-Premier Exposes Methods, Including Arrest Of Congress M.L.A.'s

CUTTACK, Jan. 14.

Mr. Biswanath Das, leader of the Orissa Congress Parliamentary Party, has issued the following statement:—

"I was given persistent warning that attempts will be made by the present Ministry in Orissa to haul up a few members of the Assembly Congress Party as the surest way to keep their Ministry in office. The ordinances are a handy weapon for a purpose such as this. I was first unwilling to give credence to this information. Experience has shown that public decency and morality is thrown to the winds by the Ministry in approaching members of my Party with temptations. All these, however, failed.

"Information is now to hand that Mr. Bhagwan Prathihari, a Congress worker in Puri district, was arrested while he was discharging the undisputed right of a citizen to protest against acts of a Minister in violation of his election pledges.

"Rumour is spread fast and wide that other workers, including certain members of the Assembly, are to share the same fate. This may be done to muzzle public opinion, but the attempt is bound to end in failure and disaster."—A.P

Misra Arrested

PURI, Jan. 14.

Mr. Lokanath Misra, a pleader of Puri, was arrested yesterday under the Defence of India Rules. The trial takes place to-day.

The trial of another Congress worker, Mr. Bhagawan Pratihari who was arrested previously under the Defence of India Rules takes place to-day before the S.D.O. of Puri.—United Press.

INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS

Recall Of Rejected Candidates

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

In view of the increasing need for officers for the Indian army, it is learned that a regular system of recall of candidates who were once rejected by the Central Interview Board has been in progress during the last six months. Such recalls, it is pointed out, are limited to those whose records show that they have a chance of making suitable officers.

Release Of Mashriqui Under Consideration

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

It is learned that the question of release of Allama Mashriqui, the Khaksar leader is under the active consideration of the Central Government. There is, however, no truth in the report that he has already been released.—A. P.

A. I. Muslim League Session Venue

LUCKNOW, Jan. 14.

At a special meeting of the Working Committee of the U. P. Provincial Muslim League to-day it was decided that the next session of the All-India Muslim League should be held at Allahabad during the Easter Holidays. Mr. Jinnah, president of the All-India Muslim League is reported to have approved of the decision.—A. P.

Researcher Loses Life

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14.

Research work with poisonous chemicals has cost the life of a scholar here to-day.

Dinabandhu Bhattacharyya, a research student of the College of Science and Technology of Calcutta University, while passing strychnine hydrochlore, a poisonous chemical, from one tube to another by the blowing process inhaled a quantity of the material became senseless and later expired in hospital. The body has been sent for 'post mortem' examination.—A.P.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 14.—The camp jail in Lucknow, which was opened by the U. P Government to lodge Congress Satyagrahi prisoners has now been closed as a result of the release of three prisoners.

ROOSEVELT DISCUSSES DEFENCE OF AUSTRALIA

Has No Idea If Curtin Going To Meet Him

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

President Roosevelt told his press conference on Tuesday that he had discussed defence of the democracies with Mr. Robert G. Casey, the Australian Minister in Washington.

Questioned as to the precise nature of the discussion President Roosevelt said that they had talked about "the same thing they had been talking about since December 9." the date of the Japanese attack.

There is nothing new in the reports that Australia would undertake direct discussions with the United States, said President Roosevelt, these had been carried on constantly every day of the week.

Asked whether Australian naval and military officers would be sent to Washington for discussion of war strategy, the President said he would not limit that to Australia—military men from all the United Nations would be going to Washington for talks.

President Roosevelt had no information that Premier Curtin or any other highly placed Australian official was coming to see him.

Mr. Nelson's decisions on all questions of procurement and production will be final. The new Board has not yet been formally established nor is its membership ready for announcement. The SPAB, (Supply priorities and Allocations Board) has been established, but its members will serve on the new War Production Board as will Mr. Henry A. Wallace, Vice-President in his capacity as Chairman of the Economic Defence Board.—Reuter

GULF OF PANAMA IN MARITIME CONTROL AREA.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

For purposes of national and hemispheric defence and to protect the approaches to the Panama Canal President Roosevelt has to-day issued a proclamation establishing Cristobal and the Gulf of Panama as maritime control areas.

The proclamation describes strict regulations for movements of ships in those areas.

PETROL OPERATION BOARD.

Mr. Henry A. Wallace, United States Vice President and Chairman of the Board of Economic Warfare, to-day met the Foreign Petroleum Policy Committee and representatives of the principal American and foreign oil concerns.

They discussed a plan for closer international co-operation in solving the oil needs of the United Nations.

American and allied oil companies have formed a Foreign Petroleum Operation Board to coordinate their activities.—Reuter.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD FORMED.

WASHINGTON Jan. 14.

President Roosevelt has created a War Production Board.

Control of America's vast war production programme will be centred in one man. Mr Donald M. Nelson, who will be the Chairman of the new War Production Board.—Reuter

Control Of Factory Man-Power

WELLINGTON, Jan. 14.

Measures for the control of industrial man-power were announced by the Prime Minister Mr. Fraser, who said the object was to ensure the best use thereof in a situation calling for heavy withdrawals of men for defence purposes, while imposing further demands on war production industries.

The regulations empower the Minister of National Service to declare any industry or undertaking essential, such a declara-

Civic Plan For Housing Poor

AHMEDABAD, January 13.

The Ahmedabad Municipality resolved tonight to acquire 28 acres of land at a cost of Rs. 1,72,956 for housing for the poor.—A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day:

CHARLIE CHAN — DROPPING BALLAST — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

AS THE PRECIOUS LIFE LINE IS CUT BY DANTON'S BULLET AND FALLS INTO THE WATER...
WATER AND NO AIR! WHAT CAN HAVE HAPPENED?
CHAN! YOUR LIFE LINE HAS BEEN CUT!
Alfred Andriola
QUICK! CLOSE ALL VALVES IN YOUR HELMET!
HAVE DONE SO, BUT STILL LACK MUCH AIR AND FEEL HEAVY!
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
CHAN! YOUR AIR WON'T LAST A MINUTE, AND AS THE PRESSURE SLACKENS YOU'LL BE CRUSHED BY THE TERRIFIC WATER PRESSURE! LISTEN AND DO AS I SAY!
AM LISTENING INTENTLY!
3-2
CHAN! TAKE ONE OF THE LEAD WEIGHTS OFF YOUR SHOES! YOU'VE GOT TO RISE!

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